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A Fantasy Football Web Application with Active Server Pages and Access Database

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A Fantasy Football Web Application with Active Server Pages and Access Database
By: Jeremy Pauli

A project submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the
Master of Science in Information Systems

Dakota State University
2002

Abstract

This MSIS project will consist of building a full-service fantasy football website, utilizing dynamically created webpages that will allow participants to take part in a non-traditional fantasy football league. Fantasy Football is a game where participants select or draft a predetermined number of players from NFL rosters to compete against other participants. Scoring is determined by the game performance of players where touchdowns, receiving yards, and other statistics are turned into points. The participant with the most points wins. The project will be implemented on a 1.8GHz Dell with 256 RAM running Internet Information Services 5.1 (IIS) on Windows XP Professional Edition with Office XP. The objectives of the project are to create an online fantasy football website, learn more about ASP, CSS and Access, and to learn more about the planning necessary to successfully manage large projects.

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Introduction of the project

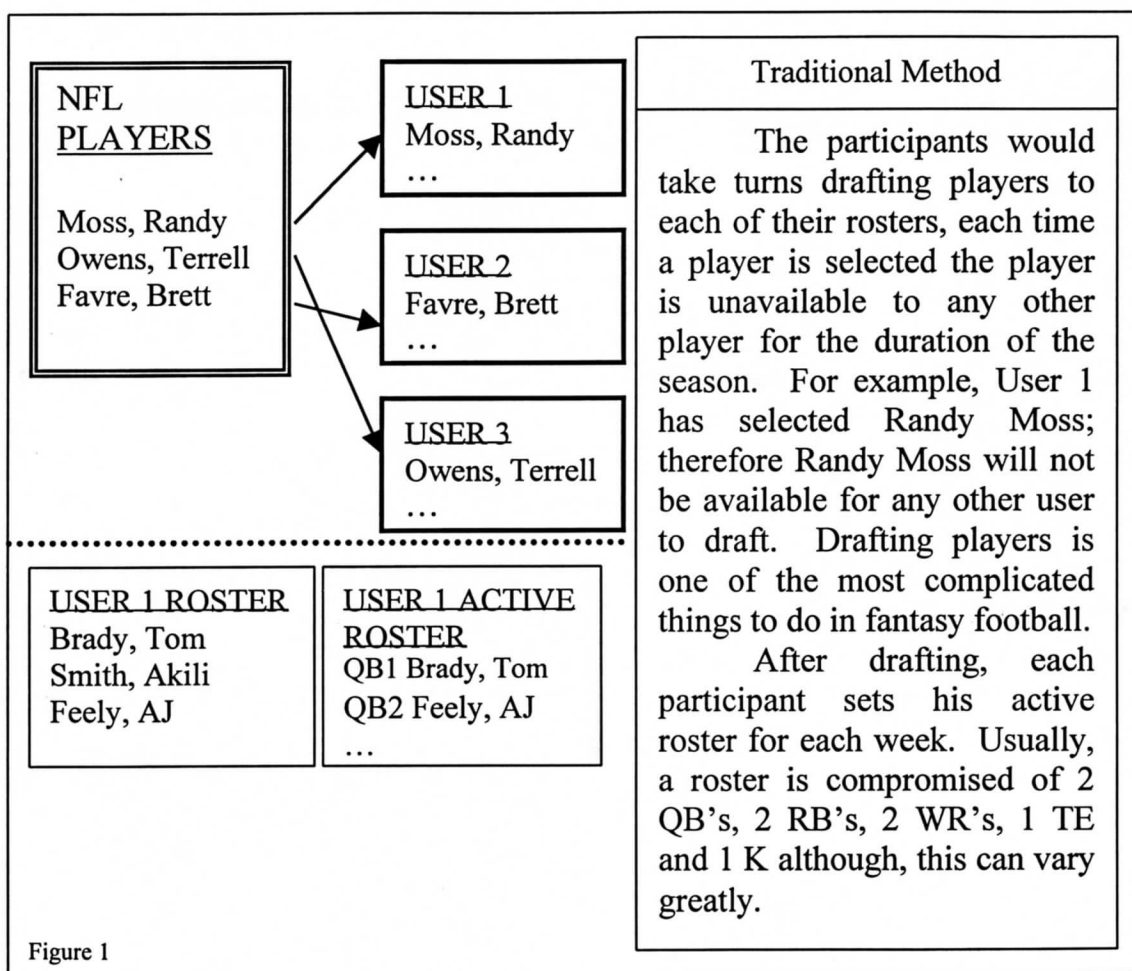
This MSIS project will consist of building a full-service fantasy football website, utilizing dynamically created webpages that will allow participants to take part in a non-traditional fantasy football league. (NOTE: the term 'participants' will be used to describe the users of the league and the term 'players' will be used to describe actual NFL players)

Fantasy Football is a game where participants select or draft a predetermined number of players from NFL rosters to compete against other participants. Scoring is determined by the game performance of players where touchdowns, receiving yards, and other statistics are turned into points. The participant with the most points wins.

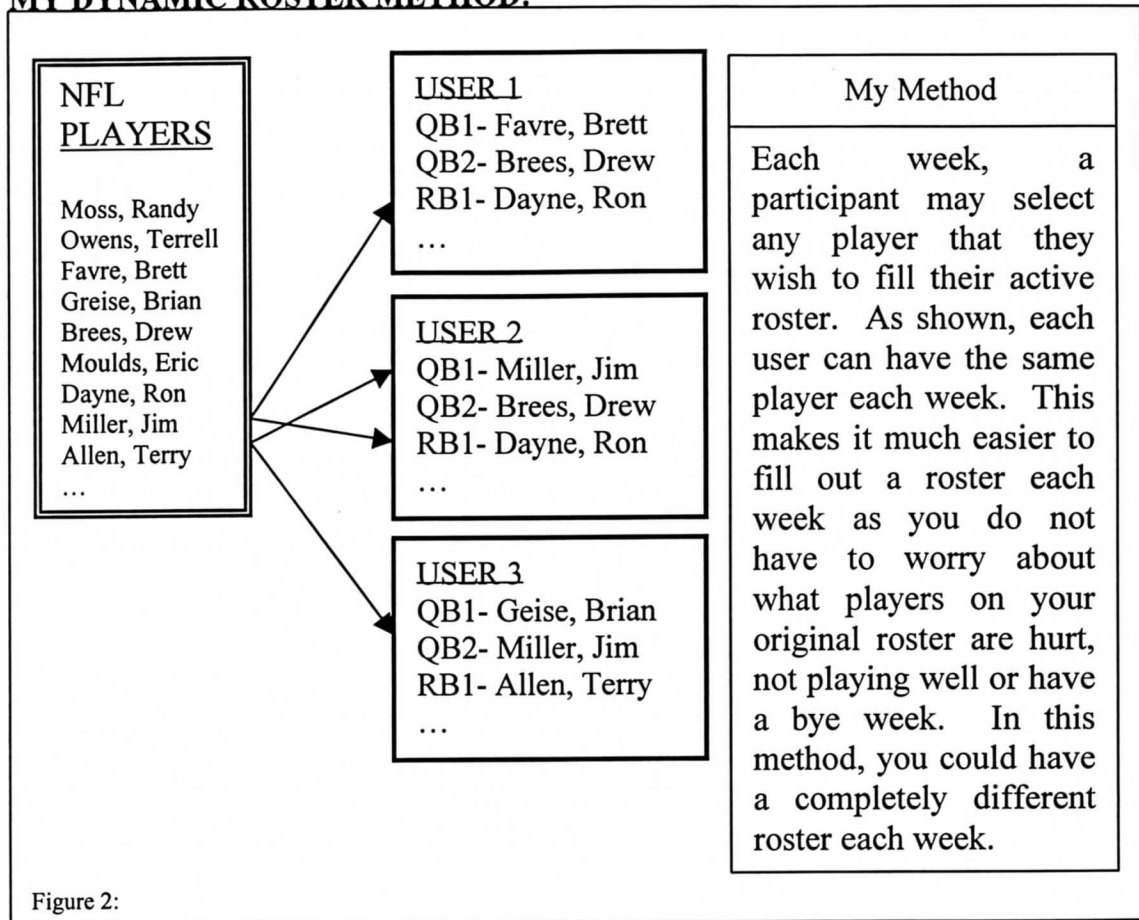
The league will allow each participant to create a team, change rosters on a weekly basis and monitor their results against other participants. Participants will also be allowed to form 'divisions' of teams to compete against a smaller group of participants rather than competing against all participants in the league. Participant standings can be figured based on the entire league and by each individual division.

There are currently many fantasy football games available on the web but they are all in, what I call, the 'traditional' style. That is, they require participants to form their own leagues or divisions of friends, and then all at once they must draft players to fill their rosters. Usually, this draft consists of drafting 20-35 players per person and can be very time consuming and confusing to non-hardcore football fans. Each week in the traditional style of fantasy football, participants pair off against one-another in a head-to-head match up, and whichever participant scores more points from their combined roster will win the match up and get credit for a win. Therefore, wins and losses determine league standings, not player yards, touchdowns, field goals or total points.

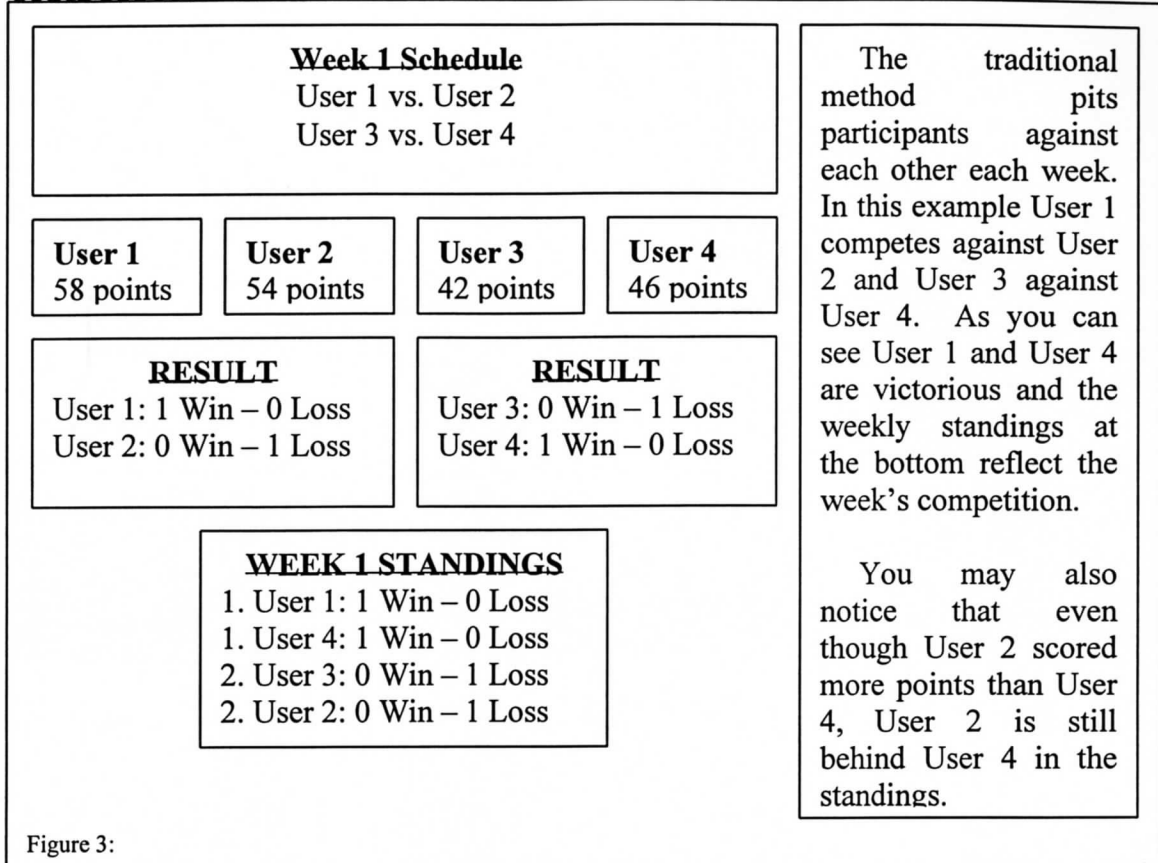
The website developed in this project will allow participants to sign up individually, create a team each week from the entire roster of all NFL teams or to keep basically the same team each week only removing players if they are hurt or have a bye week. The design of this type of league is much simpler to understand from the participant's perspective but is not without the high level of strategy that is found in the traditional leagues. The diagrams following contrast the traditional method versus my method:



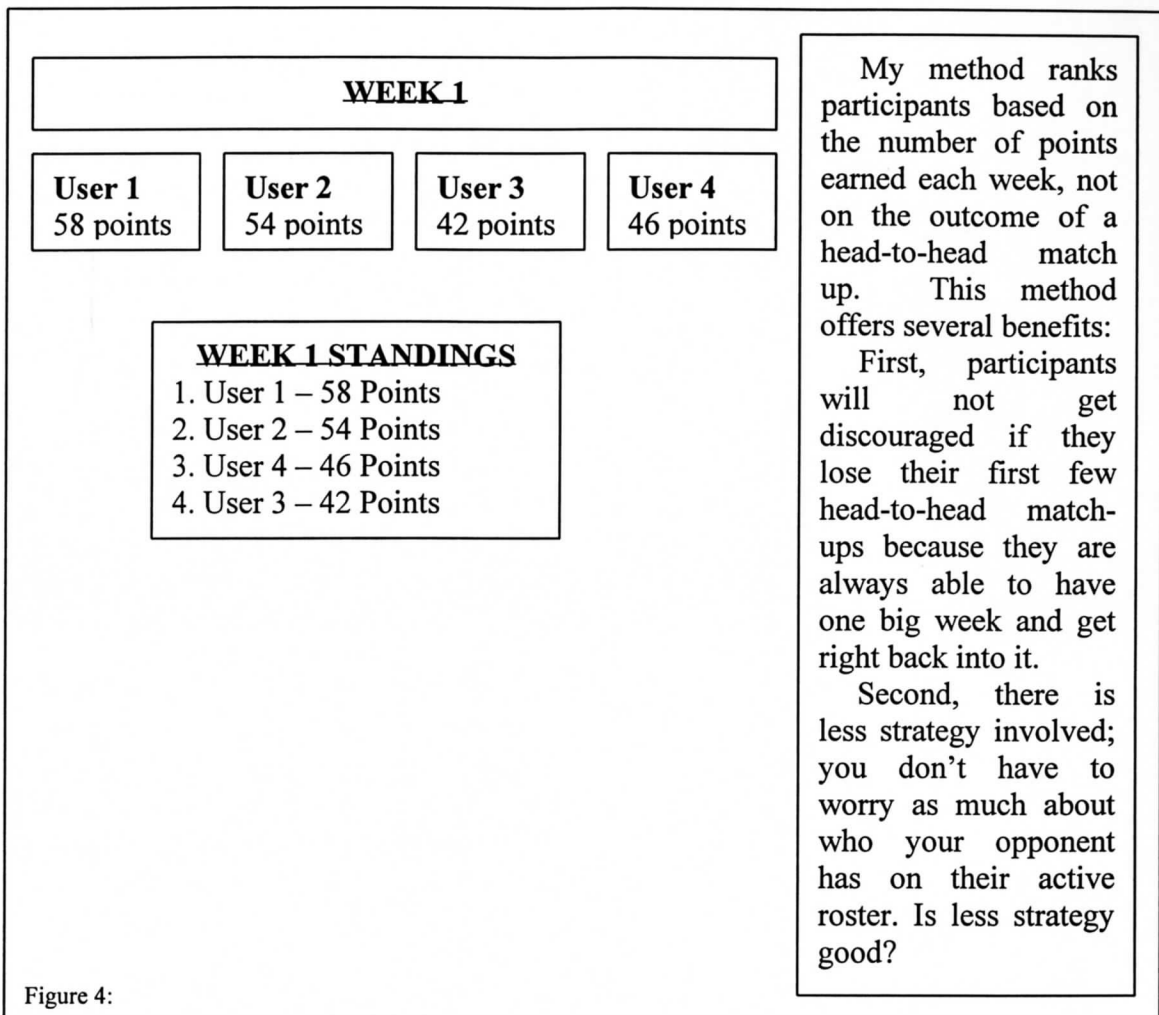
MY DYNAMIC ROSTER METHOD:



TRADITIONAL WEEKLY SCORING METHOD:



MY WEEKLY SCORING METHOD:



OVERALL APPLICATION FLOW:

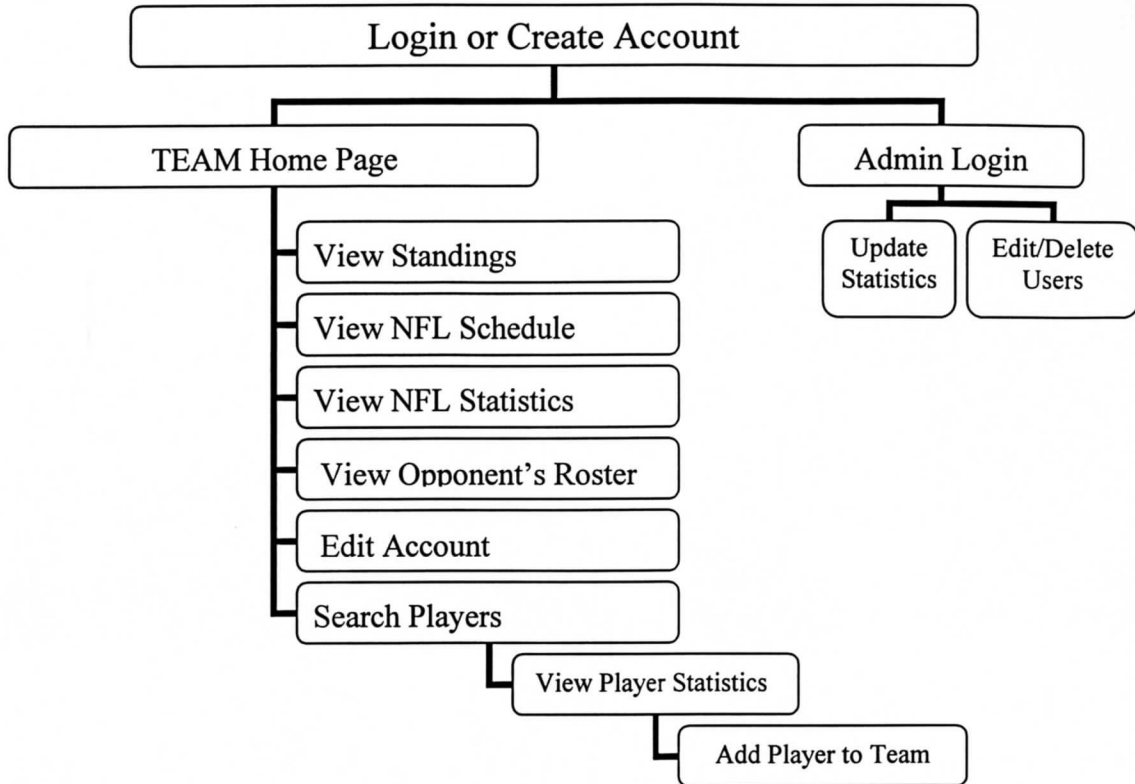


Figure 5:

Scoring Methods:

Generally, in fantasy football, points are awarded for performance in many categories ranging from touchdowns to tackles. In this project, points will be awarded on the following basis:

Quarterback Scoring	
Category	Points
1 Pass yard	1
1 Pass TD	50
1 Rush Yard	1.5
1 Rush TD	75
1 Interception	-50
1 Fumble Lost	-50

Table 1

Running Back & Wide Receiver Scoring	
<u>Category</u>	<u>Points</u>
1 Pass yard	1
1 Pass TD	50
1 Rush Yard	1.5
1 Rush TD	75
1 Rec. Yards	2
1 Rec. TD	75
1 Fumble Lost	-50

Table 2

Kicker Scoring	
<u>Category</u>	<u>Points</u>
1 Extra Point Made	10
1 Field Goal Made	25
1 Extra Missed	-10
1 Field Goal Missed	-25

Table 3

Technical Specifications:

The project will be implemented on a 1.8GHz Dell with 256 RAM running Internet Information Services 5.1 (IIS) on Windows XP Professional Edition with Office XP. IIS is very scalable server architecture capable of handling million of hits a day but still easy to use due to its full integration into Windows 2000 based operating systems. What does this 'integration' mean? IIS allows the use of Active Server Pages for the construction of web applications. Web applications are protected with IIS's ability to run applications separate from core IIS processes which increases stability as well as having the ability to monitor and tune the amount of CPU cycles a specific application process is assigned (Internet Information Services Features). This protection allows IIS to be stable because the separation of application processes and core processes allows the core process to use the required system resources to continue running.

IIS is easily installed by simply choosing 'Add Programs' from the 'Control Panel' menu and selecting the 'IIS' Windows component. Administration is also easy

with the use of the Microsoft Management Control or MMC Snapin. The only change necessary for the project was the installation of the FrontPage Server Extensions Snapin. The installation process of the FrontPage Server Extensions is also very easily done inside the MMC.

The database connection will be an OLE DB connection. OLE DB connections are “a specification for a set of data access interfaces designed to enable a multitude of data stores, of all types and sizes, to work seamlessly together” (Microsoft OLE DB White Paper).

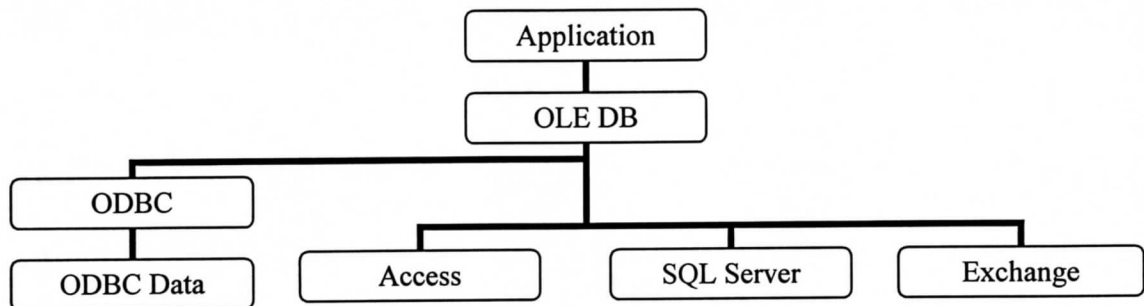


Figure 6

OLE DB has many advantages: First, OLE DB can access all types of data stores for great flexibility across different platforms. Second, OLE DB is able to provide an object oriented approach to accessing all OLE data objects with ADO. Finally, OLE DB

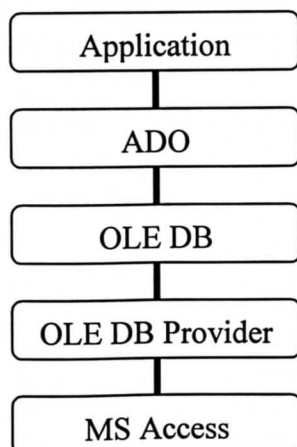


Figure 7

is generally thought to be faster and easier to use than ODBC (Buser, et al.). One final interesting note is that OLE DB is the only method that currently allows you to query an Exchange email store (Microsoft OLE DB White Paper).

The final piece of the DB connection is the ADO level or ActiveX Data Object. The ADO acts as an application programming interface between the ASP code application and the OLE DB. (See Figure 7) ADO is a set of objects contained in the Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC) that allow us to program data access logic from ASP rather than directly interfacing with the OLE DB which is much more complex than ADO (Buser, et al.).

Database Optimization:

The Access database used for this project was optimized for performance by using the 'Performance Analyzer' inside of Access (See AppendixB-13 for a detailed description of this process) to help decrease the time for page loads. The method that Access uses for optimizing a database is to analyze the database structure and determine which fields should be indexed. This indexing method is used because Access cannot change the physical storage method of the database. Indexes are access structures that speed up the retrieval of records in response to a query. Indexes can be built on individual or a group of fields in a table and there are several different types of indexes, such as, primary, clustering and secondary (Elmasri & Navathe).

Indexes speed up a search because they allow the CPU to read in more values for search criteria than reading from the actual data table. For example, if a CPU can read in one block of data at a time and one block of data contains 5 records, the CPU can only look at those 5 records to determine if they meet the criteria. On the other hand, the index is a much smaller table containing only the index field value and a record pointer

and so one block of an index table can contain 25 field values. Using this index, the CPU can determine which records meet the selection criteria much faster due to the decreased number of memory accesses required.

Microsoft Access is the database platform chosen for this project because of its ease of use for the league administrator or commissioner. Access is a very easy platform to use because all of interfaces used are visual and Access makes the data import from Yahoo.com very easy. Also, with the small number of records that are necessary for the fantasy football league a bigger database package would be unnecessary and perhaps an overkill.

Statement of the problem

How is the problem being addressed now?

Fantasy football league software is widely available in many different forms. A Google.com search (January, 2002) for 'fantasy football software' returned about 92,600 hits. A large number of the hits were for software packages that can manage a league, meaning that the software will simply automate the normal task of figuring points and standings for each user each week. Very few of the packages are an all-in-one solution with management functionality, along with the dynamic creation of web pages, and a completely web based user interface.

The problem is the same as described in the project proposal. No changes were made to the project plan with regards to the type of problem being addressed.

One of the most challenging parts of the project was actually the search for the most current and effective technology that is being used for fantasy football software. I

emailed several of the main competitors in the online fantasy football market (ESPN.com, WallStretSports.com, Smallworld.com, etc.) and none of the companies would tell me what types of technologies they use. This has made finding detailed information about the most current technology very hard. To make up for this lack of knowledge, I will assume that my solution of using Active Server pages and Access Database is current and robust enough to handle a fantasy football website.

Objectives

1. Create an online fantasy football website
2. Learn more about ASP, CSS and Access
3. Learn more about the planning necessary to undertake large projects

Smallworld.com (now part of The Sporting News) is the best on-line fantasy football game that I have found. My application and the Smallworld application are similar in a few ways, both applications are entirely web based and both share a similar scoring method. But there are several differences (or improvements, as I like to call them):

1. My application is much simpler to use and understand. The Smallworld method uses a larger roster consisting of 10-players, a salary cap method to limit the 'quality' of the players and a limited number of roster moves each week. My application utilizes a 6-player roster with no salary cap. The salary cap for the Smallworld method assigns a dollar value to each player in order

to limit the number of top-shelf players that can be on a participant's roster. I see several problems with this:

- One, managing the salary cap and roster moves can be tricky for the participants. For example, you can spend all of your 'money' and still have one player to purchase. This results in an incomplete roster and a score of zero for the week.
- Second, the salary cap method and large roster size forces participants to search for 'bargain' players that can be confusing or even tedious for less intense participants.
- And finally, having only a limited number of roster moves can severely limit the participants' ability to have a full roster with bye weeks and injuries to players. This again, can cause a user to have a roster position that does not score any points. Overall, the proposed method will be much simpler but will still involve a large amount of strategy with an easy-to-use interface.

2. Managing NFL Statistics. One of the most daunting aspects of creating a fantasy football application is the management of the almost 800 players in the NFL that could be selected to a user's roster. To solve this dilemma, I have chosen to download free stats from Yahoo.com. Yahoo allows private parties to download the current stats as well as the previous week's stats. The stats are downloaded as text files and then imported into Access with almost no alterations. This eliminates the many hours of data entry that would have been required if the downloadable stats were not present. This is a huge advantage over the

Smallworld method because generally in Smallworld, players are only available after they have scored for a week or two. Utilizing the statistics download makes the entire roster of NFL players available to each user. In fact, the Yahoo statistics download even contains individual statistics for defensive players and punters.

Deliverables

The main deliverable is a web application that allows participants to compete against one another in a fantasy football league with many divisions. The web application also features the complete and up-to-date list of players from all teams. Of course, the project also includes the required documentation for installation and operation of the application.

Scope of the Project:

The project was completed by following the activities in the Gantt Chart (Appendix E) and the Work Breakdown Structure (Appendix D). The project followed the general phases of Planning, Analysis, Design and Implementation.

In the planning phase I researched the current fantasy football websites and software to find out what types of league software is currently available. This search indicates that many different types of leagues are being commercially offered, as well as some league being offered free.

From this research, I began to form a list of basic requirements that would make a good league. I also identified several features that I thought would give my league an advantage over other leagues that were available. The factors were:

- Ease of use: Many of the leagues that I found were not easy to use or assumed a lot prior knowledge about football and other fantasy football leagues. I wanted my league to be easy to use for people new to fantasy football and new to web interfaces as well.
- Ease of Administration: Most leagues require a great deal of time and effort from the administrator or commissioner as they are usually known as. I tried to design the league to make it easy for a non-technical person to take control of the administration duties. All of the administration duties can be done through a web interface except for the statistics import and conversion that is done in Access and even this process is heavily automated with the help of a Microsoft Wizard and the Import Guide (Appendix C).
- Up to date NFL roster and statistics information: The use of a statistics download not only greatly reduces the amount of administration time needed by eliminating data entry but also ensures that the latest roster information is available to allow the greatest flexibility for user when they select their individual rosters.
- Flexible Scoring system: The league administrator can at any time change the scoring variables to suit the desires of the rest of the league members.

This is a major improvement over the majority of leagues that are offered. Most have very little flexibility in the scoring systems.

- Ease of including new functionality: The league is designed so that additional functionality is easy to build in. Whether it is including defensive players in the roster or creating multiple layers of divisions or password protecting the divisions, it is easy to add on.

After the planning was complete, I moved on the analysis phase. First, I planned the overall application flow (See Figure 5). Next, I looked at the basic structure of the database. This involved determining what fields would be needed and what data types would be appropriate. More information about the database can be seen in Appendix B.

After the analysis phase was complete I moved on the design phase. In the design phase I created the application and data models and decided on a method of application to database interaction. Basically, I began to develop actual methods that served as the base for the rest of the construction of the application. I built a few sample pages that accessed the database utilizing different methods to determine which method best met my needs.

Once the design phase was complete, I moved onto the implementation phase where I began the coding and database creation work. The implementation phase was by far the longest phase in the project (44 days, see Appendix E) and I am happy to say that the phase did not go over its allotted time. In the implementation phase I began to tackle the actual programming that would power the web site. After using non-technical tools like MS Word for so long, Access and FrontPage were welcome sights.

The web programming was done using FrontPage and the database was created with Access. The basic web development and database creation went very well, no doubt

due to the large amount of planning time spent. The most difficult task of the implementation phase was perfecting the interaction of the web and database. I would estimate that over 50% of the implementation phase was spent on getting the correct queries to run against the database.

The database connection and recordset creation methods are, as follows:

```
'1. Retrieve the URL of this page from Server Variables
strURL = Request.ServerVariables("URL")

'2. MapPath of virtual database file path to a physical path.
strDBPath = "c:\inetpub\wwwroot\fpdb\football.mdb"

'3. Create an ADO Connection to connect to the database.
Set cnnSearch = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Connection")

'4. This line is for the Access database:
cnnSearch.Open "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;Data Source=" &
strDBPath & ";"

'5. CreateSQL Query
strSQL = "Select * from current_roster where ID=1;"

'6. Create Recordset Object
Set rstSearch = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")

'7. Open Recordset
rstSearch.Open strSQL, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly,
adCmdText
```

The main problems encountered were difficulties with cursor types, recordset characteristics and database locking. Generally, the problems were fixed with the help of 'Beginning Active Server Pages' by Buser, et al (ISBN: 1861003382) and the use of several ASP help web pages: APSworld.com, 4guysfromrolla.com, etc.

Results and Conclusions

The objective of the project was met by the completion of the following:

- The proposed web application was delivered on time with all planned functionality. As a result of user testing and feedback, additional functionality was also added to improve the user experience.

- The project was approved and signed off upon.

The anticipated deliverable was delivered.

I learned a great deal over the planning, implementation and report writing of this project. First and foremost, I learned how to handle large projects and that careful planning is not only helpful but necessary to complete large projects on time in a way that meets the project's requirements.

Second, I increased my knowledge and level of comfort with ASP and MS Access. The project also helped sharpen my creative programming skills as I was forced to create the entire framework of the project. I had no code examples of how a fantasy football web site was supposed to be designed and coded. Over the course of the project I was also able to hone the skill of re-design. Many of the things that I wanted to do would just simply not work the way I planned. An example of this is viewing player statistics. I began with a detailed plan on how to view the statistics, but in the final version was used because of the implementation of the web to database interaction.

The re-designing was actually a blessing in disguise. I became adept at finding creative ways to move around problems and to design-on-the-fly new methods to finish the project. I'd like to hear a bit more about this.

Also, I realized the value of having end-user feedback. Many of the enhancements that have been performed to the project have been a direct result of feedback from users. Users have a much different perspective on the project and this perspective revealed many shortcomings of the projects as well as giving many ideas on how to improve the project. I think that since I had worked on this project for so many hours I began not to see things how they were but how I thought they were. Having

user input was very valuable because all they could see was the actual pages and not the ideas I had in my brain. Suggestions ranged from 'Reformat this link because I could not tell it was a link' to 'change your access method to improve your page load times'. The user feedback was a valuable source of information.

For future improvements, I would expand the size of the roster to include defensive players. The statistics download from Yahoo provides full statistics on offensive and defensive players so adding defensive players to the league would be no problem. Also, since the project was designed to allow for such enhancements, a major overhaul would not be needed. I think the ideal roster would include: 1 Quarterback, 1 Running Back, 1 Wide Receiver, 1 Defensive Lineman, 1 Linebacker, 1 Defensive Back, 1 Punter and 1 Kicker. This roster design would be very unique and bring new levels of planning and theory to the week-to-week management of each participant's roster.

I would also improve small things like the layout of the pages to make them easier to use and work with. Unfortunately, my programming skills far exceed my ability to work with the layout of objects on a page and make them look presentable. What I am getting at here is that the layout of the pages is not an ideal layout. Generally, I think the pages could look much better with a few small adjustments. The basic navigation structure is easy to follow and no advanced technologies were used that would bring about browser problems users, such as Flash or Java applets.

I would also incorporate the use of a chat room or message board so the participants can communicate with one another. Allowing the participants to communicate would increase the fun and competitiveness of the game and would allow participants to offer help to inexperienced participants.

References

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- Elmasri, R. Navathe, S. B. (2000). Fundamentals of Database Systems (3rd Ed.). Addison Wesley, Reading MA.
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- Microsoft OLE DB White Paper. (Online). Accessed on: 4/9/2002. Available: <http://www.microsoft.com/data/oledb/prodinfo/wpapers/wpapers.htm>

Appendix A Application Screen Shots:

- o Application Login (home.htm) p.A-1
- o Create Account (new_user.asp) p.A-2
- o View Created Divisions (all_divs.asp)p.A-3
- o Team or Home (main.asp)p.A-4
- o Player Search by Name (db_search.asp) p.A-5
- o Player Search by Position (db_serach_pos.asp) p.A-6
- o Player Search by Team (db_Search_team.asp) p.A-7
- o View Player Statistics (full_stats_find.asp) p.A-8
- o View NFL Leaders (nfl_leaders.asp) p.A-9
- o View Team Leaders (team_leaders.asp) p.A-10
- o Administrator Home Page p. A-11
- o Administrator Edit Users p.A-14
- o Administrator Delete Users p.A-15
- o Administrator Update Statistics p.A-12 & A-13
- o View Overall Standings p.A-16
- o View Weekly NFL Leader p. A-17
- o View Weekly Player Statistics p. A-18
- o View Opponent's Roster p. A-18
- o View Division Standings p.A-20
- o View Weekly User Leaders p. A-21 & A-22

Application Login:

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Fantasy Football Login - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar displays "http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/home.htm". The page content features a "Login" section with two input fields: "Username:" and "Password:". Below these fields is a "Submit" button. At the bottom of the login section, there is a link that says "New user? - [Create Account!](#)". The browser's status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Internet".

Create Account Screen:

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Create your account! - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar displays the URL "http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/new_user.asp". The browser's menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Favorites, Tools, and Help. The toolbar contains buttons for Back, Forward, Stop, Home, and Print, along with a search bar labeled "Google" and links for Search Web, Search Site, PageRank, Page Info, and Up. The main content area features a heading "Create Account" followed by the instruction "Please fill in the following fields:". Below this are four input fields: "Username:", "Password:", "Re-Enter Password:", and "Division:". A link labeled "See Division List" is positioned below the "Division:" field. A "Create Account" button is centered below the input fields. The status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Internet".

Create your account! - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Print Address http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/new_user.asp Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

Create Account

Please fill in the following fields:

Username:

Password:

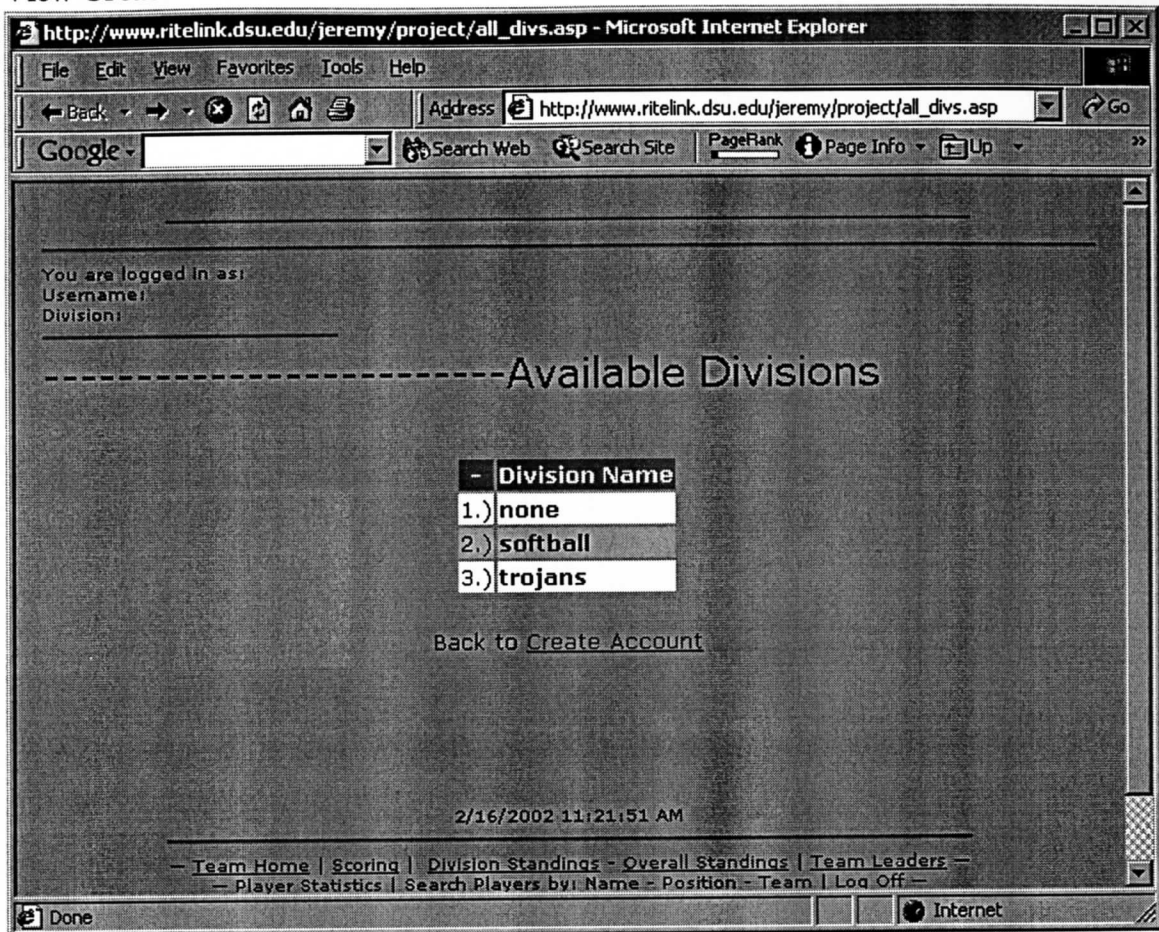
Re-Enter Password:

Division:

[See Division List](#)

Done Internet

View Created Divisions:



Team or Home Page:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/main.asp - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/main.asp Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

You are logged in as: [View Source Code](#)
 Username: merm
 ID Number: 1

Your Team:

Pos.	Name	ID	Last week	Total Points	Points/Game
QB	Jim Miller	2438		-	-
RB1	Aaron Stecker	7550		316.5	35.2
RB2	Ahman Green	7550		2747	274.7
WR1	Amani Toomer	3330		1654	150.4
WR2	Az-zahir Hakim	5700		894.5	81.3
K	Gary Anderson	2341		500	45.5

Last Roster Change:

Scores by Week

WEEK	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
SCORE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

WEEK	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	TOTAL
SCORE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Current Date/Time: 1/16/2002 3:05:56 PM

[Team Home](#) | [Division Standings](#) | [Overall Standings](#) | Search by: [Name](#) - [Position](#) - [Team](#) | [Log Off](#)

Internet

Player Search by Name:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/db_search.asp?search=moss - Microsoft Internet Ex...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Reload Address http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/db_search.a: Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

Search the player Database by first or last name.

[View Source Code](#)

2 Records Found. Displaying page 1 of 1:

#	Name	Position	Team	ID #	Full Stats	Last Week Stats
1	Randy Moss	WR	MIN	4897	View	View
2	Santana Moss	WR	NYJ	8056	View	View

1

[Team Home](#) | [Division Standings](#) | [Overall Standings](#) | Search by: [Name](#) - [Position](#) - [Team](#) | [Log Off](#)

Internet

Player Search by Position:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/db_search_pos.asp?search=QB - Microsoft Internet ...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Address http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/db_search_pos.asp Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

Search the player Database by Position.

Select Position... Find Players

[View Source Code](#)

95 Records Found. Displaying page 1 of 7:

Name	Position	Team	ID #	Full Stats	Last Week Stats
Aaron Brooks	QB	New Orleans Saints	6443	View	View
Aj Feeley	QB	Philadelphia Eagles	8111	View	View
Akili Smith	QB	Cincinnati Bengals	5911	View	View
Alex Van Pelt	QB	Buffalo Bills	1182	View	View
Anthony Wright	QB	Dallas Cowboys	6562	View	View
Bobby Hoying	QB	Oakland Raiders	3426	View	View
Brad Johnson	QB	Tampa Bay Buccaneers	2154	View	View
Brett Favre	QB	Green Bay Packers	1577	View	View
Brian Griese	QB	Denver Broncos	5011	View	View
Brock Huard	QB	Seattle Seahawks	6578	View	View
Chad Pennington	QB	New York Jets	6872	View	View
Charlie Batch	QB	Detroit Lions	5434	View	View
Chris Chandler	QB	Atlanta Falcons	1629	View	View
Chris Greisen	QB	Arizona Cardinals	6199	View	View
Chris Redman	QB	Baltimore Ravens	6875	View	View

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 [Next]

Internet

Player Search by Team:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/db_search_team.asp?search=MIN - Microsoft Intern...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Reload Address u.edu/jeremy/project/db_search_team.asp?search=MIN Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

Search the player Database by TEAM.

QB = Quarterback RB = Running back WR = Wide Receiver K = Kicker

Select Team... Find Players

[View Source Code](#)

14 Records Found. Displaying page 1 of 1:

Name	Position	Team	ID #	Full Stats	Last Week Stats
Gary Anderson	K	Minnesota Vikings	2341	View	View
Daunte Culpepper	QB	Minnesota Vikings	5887	View	View
Todd Bouman	QB	Minnesota Vikings	4753	View	View
Michael Bennett	RB	Minnesota Vikings	8205	View	View
Travis Prentice	RB	Minnesota Vikings	6849	View	View
Doug Chapman	RB	Minnesota Vikings	6847	View	View
Jim Kleinsasser	RB	Minnesota Vikings	6495	View	View
Matt Snider	RB	Minnesota Vikings	6468	View	View
Troy Walters	WR	Minnesota Vikings	7688	View	View
Randy Moss	WR	Minnesota Vikings	4897	View	View
Nate Jacquet	WR	Minnesota Vikings	4242	View	View
Jake Reed	WR	Minnesota Vikings	2201	View	View
Chris Walsh	WR	Minnesota Vikings	2199	View	View
Cris Carter	WR	Minnesota Vikings	2198	View	View

1

Done Internet

View Player Statistics:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/full_stats_find.asp?id=4897 - Microsoft Internet Exp...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Address link.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/full_stats_find.asp?id=4897 Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

Player Statistics - Full Year.

[View Source Code](#)

Name	Randy Moss
Team	Minnesota Vikings - MIN
Games	11
ID	4897
Position	WR

[ADD TO TEAM AS Wide Receiver 1](#)

[ADD TO TEAM AS Wide Receiver 2](#)

Receiving Statistics		
Receptions	61	-
Rec. Yards	878	1317
Rec. TD	7	350
Rec. Yards/Game	79.8	-
2pt Rec.	0	0

Rushing Statistics		POINTS
Rush yards	27	54
Rush TD	0	0
Fum.	0	0
Rush Attempts	2	-
Yards/Game	2.5	-

Done Internet

View NFL Leaders:

http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/nfl_leaders.asp?new_pos=QB&search=pass_yards - Micro...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Reload Address http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/nfl_leaders.asp? Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

You are logged in as:
Username: merm
Division: trojans
ID Number: 1

-----NFL Statistics Leaders

Chose Position Chose Statistics

Quarter Backs Passing yards Find Leaders

70 Records Found.

Rank	Name	Position	Team	ID #	pass_yards	Full Stats
1.)	Kurt Warner	QB	Saint Louis Rams	5692	4830	View
2.)	Peyton Manning	QB	Indianapolis Colts	4907	4131	View
3.)	Brett Favre	QB	Green Bay Packers	1577	3923	View
4.)	Aaron Brooks	QB	New Orleans Saints	6443	3832	View
5.)	Rich Gannon	QB	Oakland Raiders	1798	3828	View
6.)	Trent Green	QB	Kansas City Chiefs	2555	3783	View

Internet

View Team Leaders

http://24.220.60.96/project/team_leaders.asp?team=MIN&new_pos=QB&search=avg_pass - Microsoft Internet E...

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

Address i=MIN&new_pos=QB&search=avg_pass Go Links

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as:
Username: merm
Division: trojans

Team Leaders

Team Home
Division Standings
Overall Standings
Team Leaders
Player Statistics
Search Players by:
-- Name
-- Position
-- Team
Scoring
How To Play
Edit Account
Log Off
Email Commissioner

Select Team Select Position Select Statistic

Select Team... Select Position... Select statistic... Find Leaders

You searched for avg_pass leader for QB's from the Minnesota Vikings.

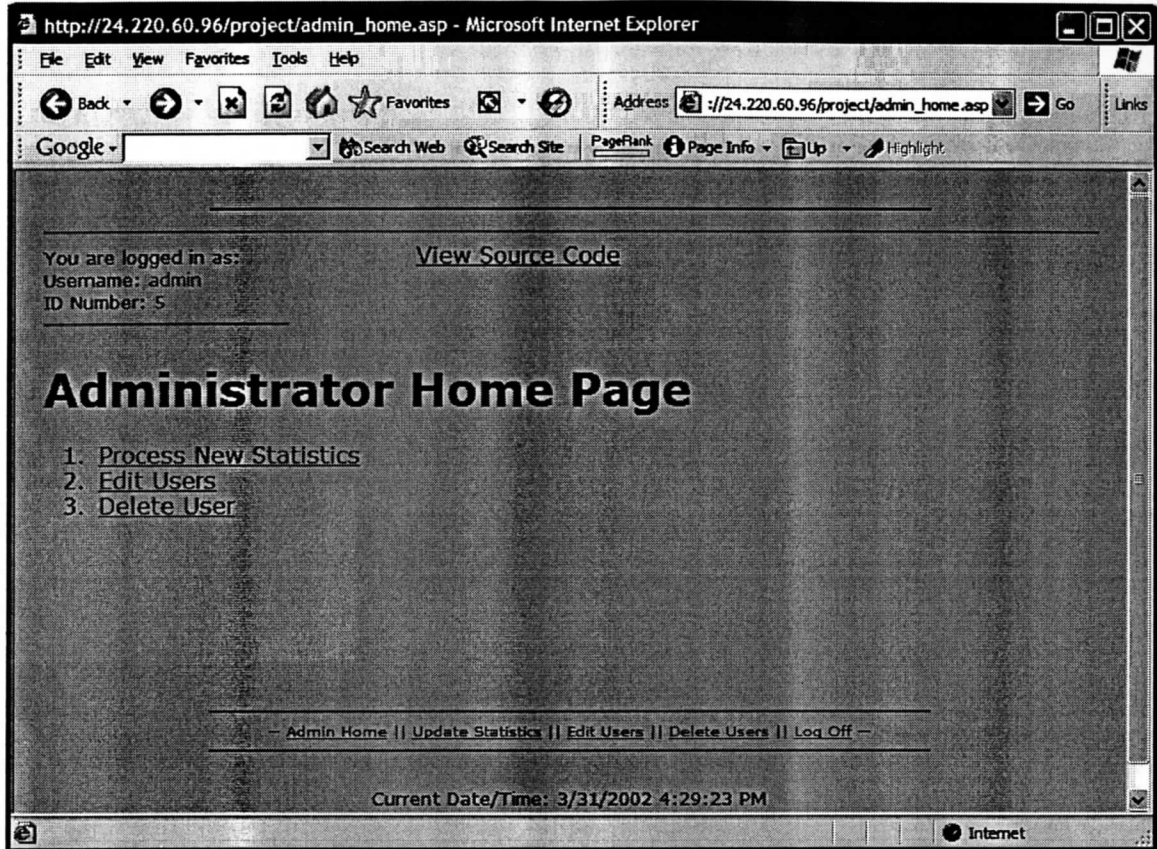
3 Records Found.

Rank	Name	Position	Team	ID #	avg_pass	Full Stats
1.)	Daunte Culpepper	QB	Minnesota Vikings	5887	217	View
2.)	Spergon Wynn	QB	Minnesota Vikings	6998	139	View
3.)	Todd Bouman	QB	Minnesota Vikings	4753	88	View

3/31/2002 4:35:30 PM
Copyright © 2002, Jeremy W. Pauli

Done Internet

Administrator Home:



Administrator Update Statistics:

Step 1 – Set the NFL Week Number

http://24.220.60.96/project/admin_set_wk.asp - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Address Go Links

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info

You are logged in as: [View Source Code](#)
Username: admin
ID Number: 5

Administrator Set NFL Week

NFL Week Number:

— [Admin Home](#) || [Update Statistics](#) || [Edit Users](#) || [Delete Users](#) || [Log Off](#) —

Current Date/Time: 3/31/2002 4:29:26 PM

Done Internet

Step 2 – Update Statistics

http://24.220.60.96/project/proc_stats.asp?weekNum=17 - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

Address http://24.220.60.96/project/proc_stats.a Go Links

Google

WK2 total = 0
K total = 25
Week Breakdown:

WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	WK10	WK11	WK12	WK13	WK14	WK15	WK16	WK17
272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	0	0	0	0	0

juha2821 WEEK 17 TOTAL=272
juha2821 Grand Total = 2992
END

Begin...ID = 7

Total qb= 423
Week Breakdown:

WK1	WK2	WK3	WK4	WK5	WK6	WK7	WK8	WK9	WK10	WK11	WK12	WK13	WK14	WK15	WK16	WK17
423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	423	0	0	0	0	0

falor WEEK 17 TOTAL=423
falor Grand Total = 4653
END

Begin ID = 9

Done Internet

Administrator Edit Users:

merm - edit users - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Reload Address <http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/edit/edit1r.asp> Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

-----Edit Users

Select the user you want to update by marking the radio button on the left, and clicking the submit button at the bottom of the table.

<input type="radio"/>	Username	Password	ID Number	Division
<input type="radio"/>	falor	falorfam	7	trojans
<input type="radio"/>	howie	laura	3	softball
<input type="radio"/>	juha2821	mngophers	4	trojans
<input type="radio"/>	merm	jeremy	1	trojans
<input type="radio"/>	nud	me	2	trojans
<input type="radio"/>	test	test	8	test

Submit

[Admin Home](#) || [Update Statistics](#) || [Edit Users](#) || [Delete Users](#) || [Log Off](#)

Current Date/Time: 2/16/2002 3:05:01 PM

Done Internet

Administrator Delete Users:

merm - edit users - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://www.ritelink.dsu.edu/jeremy/project/del1.asp> Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

-----Delete User

Select the user you want to delete by selecting the option button on the left, and clicking the submit button at the bottom of the table.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Username	Password	ID Number	Division
<input type="checkbox"/>	merm	jeremy	1	trojans
<input type="checkbox"/>	nud	me	2	trojans
<input type="checkbox"/>	howie	laura	3	softball
<input type="checkbox"/>	juha2821	mngophers	4	trojans
<input type="checkbox"/>	falor	falorfam	7	trojans
<input type="checkbox"/>	test	test	8	test

Submit

[Admin Home](#) || [Update Statistics](#) || [Edit Users](#) || [Delete Users](#) || [Log Off](#) -

Current Date/Time: 2/16/2002 3:05:34 PM

Internet

Overall Standings:

Overall Standings - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as:
Username: merm
Division: trojans

Overall Standings

[Team Home](#)
[Division Standings](#)
[Overall Standings](#)
[Weekly Standings](#)
[Team Leaders](#)
[Player Statistics](#)
Search Players by:
-- [Name](#)
-- [Position](#)
-- [Team](#)
[Scoring](#)
[How To Play](#)
[Edit Account](#)
[Log Off](#)
[Email Commissioner](#)

Rank	Username	Division	Total Points
1.)	merm	trojans	7959
2.)	test10	test	6186
3.)	spanky	ladyts	5982
4.)	test12	test	5781
5.)	newbi	bewbi	5592
6.)	howie	softball	5118
7.)	paulicr	4	3291
8.)	test11	test	3237
9.)	home	home	3108
10.)	john_q	none	2718
11.)	falor	trojans	2538
12.)	nud	trojans	1956
13.)	juha2821	trojans	1632
14.)	tolly34	none	0

Visitors: 2
4/8/2002 8:11:08 PM
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Done Internet

View Weekly Team Leaders:

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as: merm | Division: trojans

Weekly Team Leaders

Team Home
Opponent's Team
Division Standings
Overall Standings
Weekly Standings
Overall Statistics:
-- Team Leaders
-- Player Statistics
Weekly Statistics:
-- Team Leaders
-- Player Stats
Search Players by:
-- Name
-- Position
-- Team
Scoring
How To Play
Edit Account
Log Off
Email Commissioner

Select Team Select Position Select Statistic

Select Team... Select Position... Select statistic...

Find Leaders

You searched for **pass_yards** leader for QB's from the **Minnesota Vikings**.

1 Records Found.

Rank	Name	Position	Team	ID #	pass_yards	Full Stats
1.)	Sperguson Wynn	QB	Minnesota Vikings	6998	86	View

View Weekly NFL Leaders:

http://24.220.60.96/project/Week_nfl_leaders.asp?new_pos=RB&search=yards - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Address http://24.220.60.96/project/Week_nfl_leaders Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as: merm | Division: trojans

Weekly NFL Statistical Leaders

Team Home
Opponent's Team
Division Standings
Overall Standings
Weekly Standings
Overall Statistics:
-- Team Leaders
-- Player Statistics
Weekly Statistics:
-- Team Leaders
-- Player Stats
Search Players by:
-- Name
-- Position
-- Team
Scoring
How To Play
Edit Account
Log Off
Email Commissioner

Chose Position
Select Position...
Chose Statistics
Select statistic...
Find Leaders

You searched for yards leader for RB's.
75 Records Found.

Rank	Name	Position	Team	ID #	yards	Full Stats
1.)	Marshall Faulk	RB	Saint Louis Rams	1712	226	View
2.)	Richard Huntley	RB	Carolina Panthers	3358	191	View
3.)	Anthony Thomas	RB	Chicago Bears	8438	171	View
4.)	Dominic Rhodes	RB	Indianapolis Colts	8163	171	View
5.)	Priest Holmes	RB	Kansas City Chiefs	3995	169	View
6.)	Shaun Alexander	RB	Seattle Seahawks	6846	158	View
7.)	Stephen Davis	RB	Washington Redskins	3609	158	View
8.)	Lamar Smith	RB	Miami Dolphins	2781	158	View
9.)	Correll Buckhalter	RB	Philadelphia Eagles	8105	139	View
10.)	Terry Allen	RB	Baltimore Ravens	2532	133	View
11.)	Ahman Green	RB	Green Bay Packers	5647	120	View
12.)	Tiki Barber	RB	New York Giants	4459	118	View
13.)	Charlie Garner	RB	Oakland Raiders	2355	115	View
14.)	Corey Dillon	RB	Cincinnati Bengals	4112	114	View

Internet

View Opponent's Roster:

Oponents Roster - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info

Google Address ht Go

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as: merm || Division: trojans

Oponents Roster

[Team Home](#)
[Opponent's Team](#)
[Division Standings](#)
[Overall Standings](#)
[Weekly Standings](#)
[Overall Statistics:](#)
-- [Team Leaders](#)
-- [Player Statistics](#)
[Weekly Statistics:](#)
-- [Team Leaders](#)
-- [Player Stats](#)
[Search Players by:](#)
-- [Name](#)
-- [Position](#)
-- [Team](#)
[Scoring](#)
[How To Play](#)
[Edit Account](#)
[Log Off](#)
[Email Commissioner](#)

Username: paulicr	
Division: 4	
QB	Sperguson Wynn
RB1	Michael Bennett
RB2	Chris Fuamatu-maafala
WR1	Randy Moss
WR2	Az-zahir Hakim
K	Gary Anderson

Username: newbi	
Division: bewbi	
QB	Elvis Grbac
RB1	Ahman Green
RB2	Antowain Smith
WR1	Isaac Bruce
WR2	David Boston
K	Matt Stover

Done Internet

Division Standings:

Division Standings - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://24.220.60.96/proj> Go

Google dynamic drive Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as:
Username: merm
Division: trojans

'trojans' Division Standings

[Team Home](#)
[Division Standings](#)
[Overall Standings](#)
[Weekly Standings](#)
[Team Leaders](#)
[Player Statistics](#)
Search Players by:
-- [Name](#)
-- [Position](#)
-- [Team](#)
[Scoring](#)
[How To Play](#)
[Edit Account](#)
[Log Off](#)
[Email Commissioner](#)

Rank	Username	Total Points
1.)	merm	7959
2.)	falor	2538
3.)	nud	1956
4.)	juha2821	1632

Visitors: 2
4/8/2002 8:28:04 PM
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Done Internet

Weekly Standings:

Step 1 – Select Week Number and pres ‘Find Leaders’



Result:

http://24.220.60.96/project/week_standing.asp?search=wk1 - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Favorites Address http://24.220.60.96/proje Go

Google dynamic drive Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up Highlight

Merm's Fantasy Football

You are logged in as:
Username: merm
Division: trojans

Weekly Leaders

Team Home
Division Standings
Overall Standings
Weekly Standings
Team Leaders
Player Statistics
Search Players by:
-- Name
-- Position
-- Team
Scoring
How To Play
Edit Account
Log Off
Email Commissioner

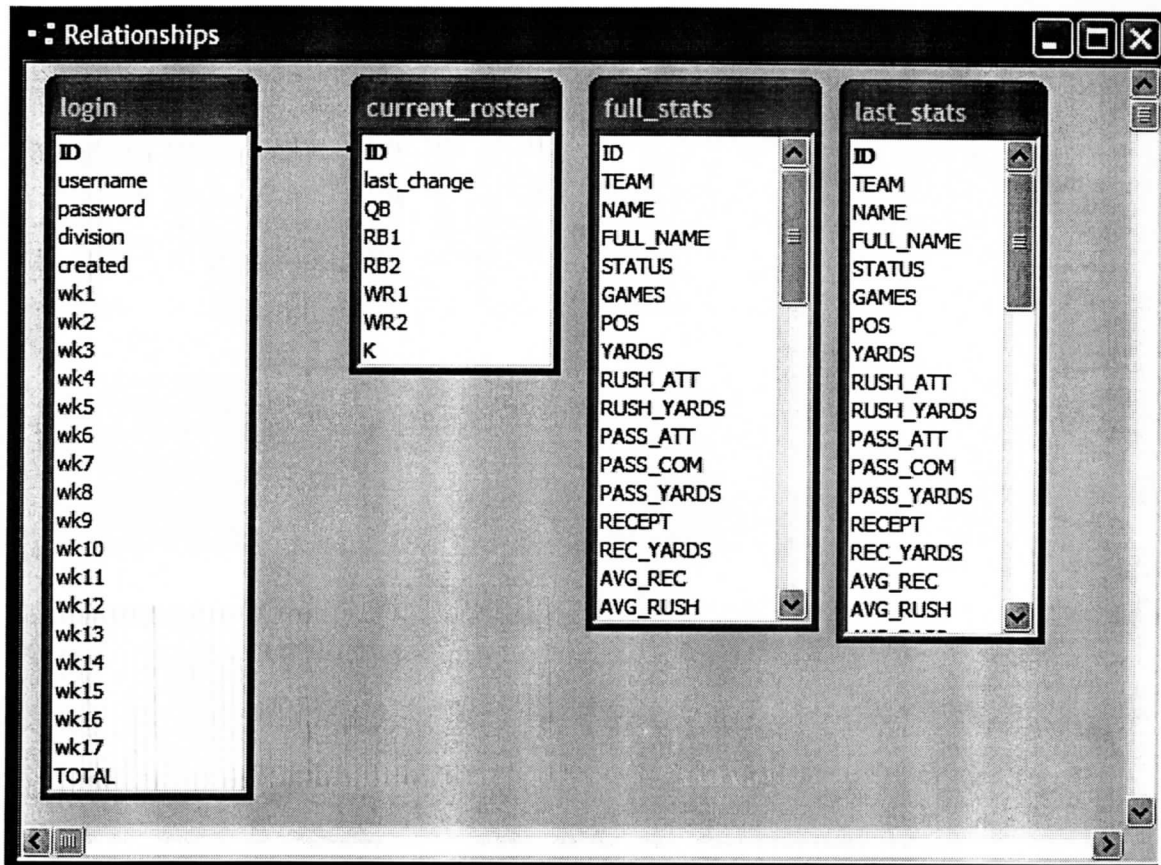
Select NFL Schedule Week... Find Leaders

Rank	User	Week 1 Score
1	merm	1326.5
2	test10	1031
3	spanky	997
4	test12	963.5
5	newbi	932
6	howie	853
7	paulicr	548.5
8	test11	539.5
9	home	518
10	john_q	453
11	falor	423
12	nud	326
13	juha2821	272
14	tolly34	0

Done Internet

Appendix B: Database Design, Schema, Downloading Statistics/importing into Access and Optimization

DATABASE DESIGN:



DATABASE TABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS:

<u>TABLE NAME</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
Last_stats	Table that holds the most recent weekly stats for the NFL players – imported from Yahoo.com. X indicates the week number from the NFL schedule (1-17).
full_stats	Total stats for NFL players updated to the most recent week – imported from Yahoo.com.
Current_roster	Holds the most current user rosters for each user.
Login	Holds the Login information for each user as well as the points scored each week and total points.

DATABASE TABLES AND FIELDS:

TABLE: *login*

ID	Username	Password	division	Week1-17*	total
----	----------	----------	----------	-----------	-------

*One field for each week of the NFL season

TABLE: *full_stats* (imported from Yahoo.com)

Name	Player ID	Team	position	total	games	Individual stats* (54 fields total)
------	-----------	------	----------	-------	-------	--

*Example: rush_yards, pass_yards, etc.

TABLE: *last_stats* (where x is the week number; table imported from Yahoo.com)

Name	Player ID	Team	position	total	Individual stats* (46 fields total)
------	-----------	------	----------	-------	-------------------------------------

*Example: rush_yards, pass_yards, etc.

TABLE: *current_roster*

ID	QB	RB1	RB2	WR1	WR2	K
----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

Downloading and importing the statistics from Yahoo.com

The NFL fantast football statistics can be freely downloaded at:

<http://sports.yahoo.com/nfl/stats/fantasy.html>

Two files are required each week: one for the statistics for each week and one for the cumulative statistics. The files are downloaded as comma-delimited text files. Once downloaded both files must be imported into MS Access. The process for downloading and importing the files is as follows:

Go to <http://sports.yahoo.com/nfl/stats/fantasy.html> and select either 'Download Season Stats file' or 'Download last 7 days stats file'.

Yahoo! Sports: NFL - Fantasy Stats Download - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Home Reload Address <http://sports.yahoo.com/nfl/stats/fantasy.html> Go

Google Search Web Search Site PageRank Page Info Up

American Flag

Sports Outdoors Worldwide Fantasy Feb 23, 2002

Top [Olympics](#) [NBA](#) [NHL](#) [MLB](#) [NFL](#) [NCAA Hoops](#) [Golf](#) [NASCAR](#) [Tennis](#) [World Soccer](#) [more...](#)

National Football League [Front](#) - [Standings](#) - [Scoreboard](#) - [Stats](#) - [Teams](#) - [Players](#)

NFL PLAYER CUMULATIVE STATS

Comma separated version for download

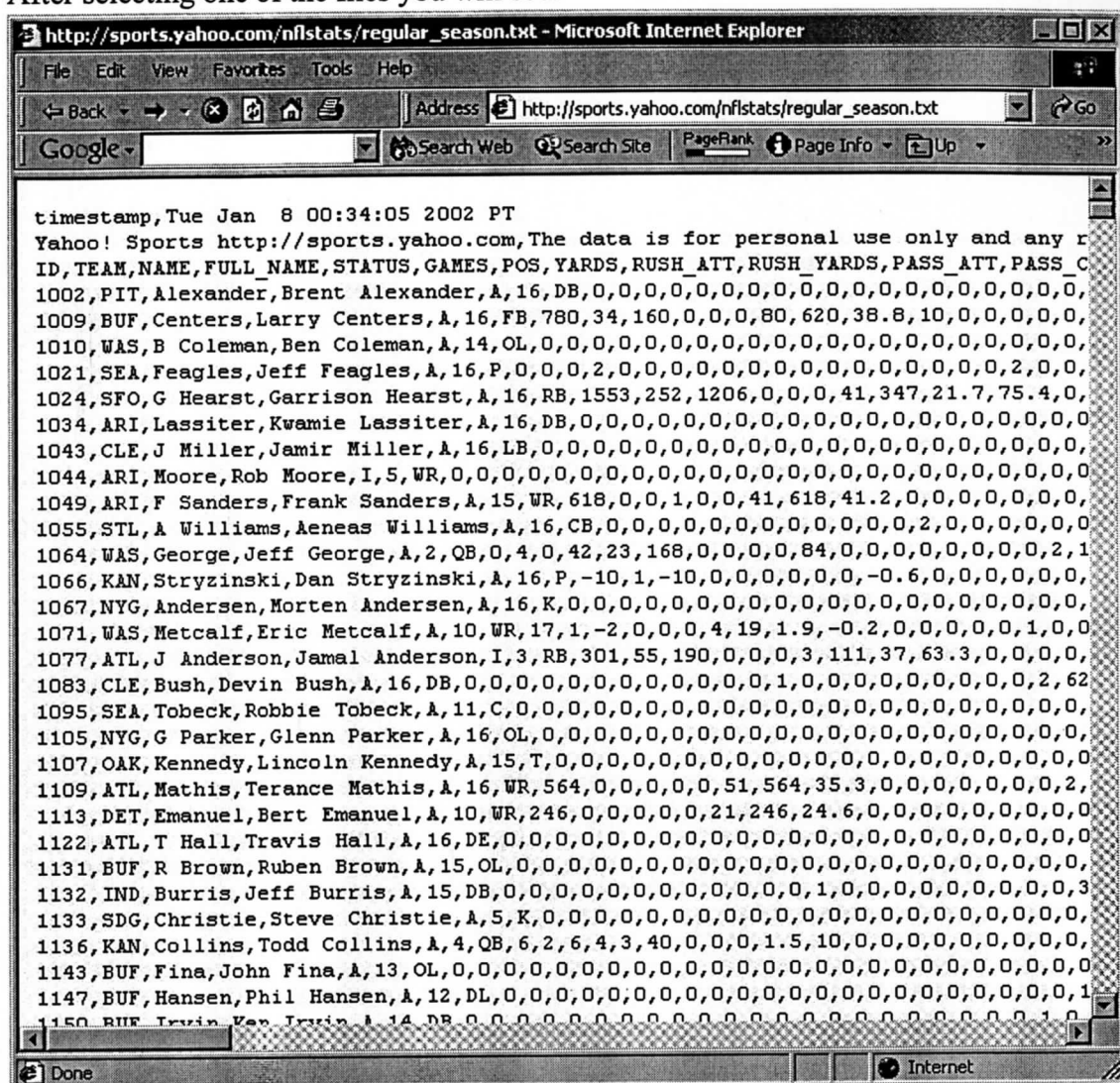
This stats file is designed for easy import into spreadsheets or other fantasy programs. The file format is line separated records and comma separated fields. Each line is a player. Click here for a [complete description](#) of the fields/columns. The data is for personal use only and any reproduction or distribution for commercial purposes is expressly **prohibited**. Here is a sample of the file:

```
timestamp,Thu Jul 16 15:24:09 1998 PT
Yahoo! Sports http://sports.yahoo.com,The data is for personal use only ...
ID,TEAM,NAME,FULLNAME,STATUS,GAMES,POS ...
1002,ARI,Alexander,Brent Alexander,A,16,DB, ...
1003,ARI,Bankston,Michael Bankston,A,16,DE, ...
1008,ARI,Case,Stoney Case,A,2,QB, ...
1009,ARI,Centers,Larry Centers,A,15,RB, ...
1010,JAC,Coleman,Ben Coleman,A,16,OL, ...
1012,SDG,G Davis,Greg Davis,A,16,K, ...
...
...
```

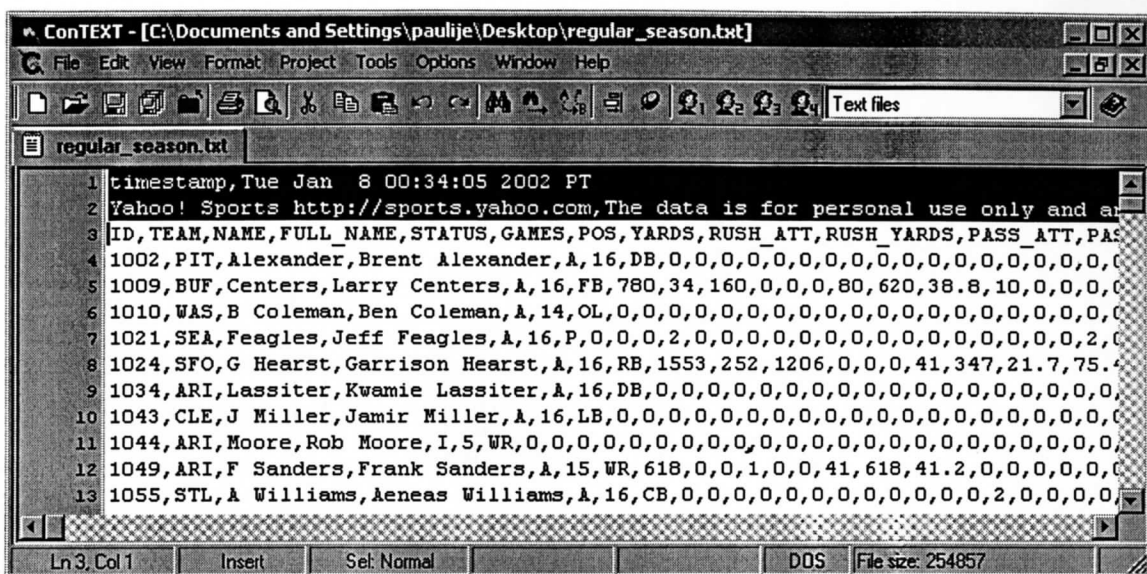
Regular season available:
[Download season stats file](#)
[Download last 7 days stats file](#)

Internet

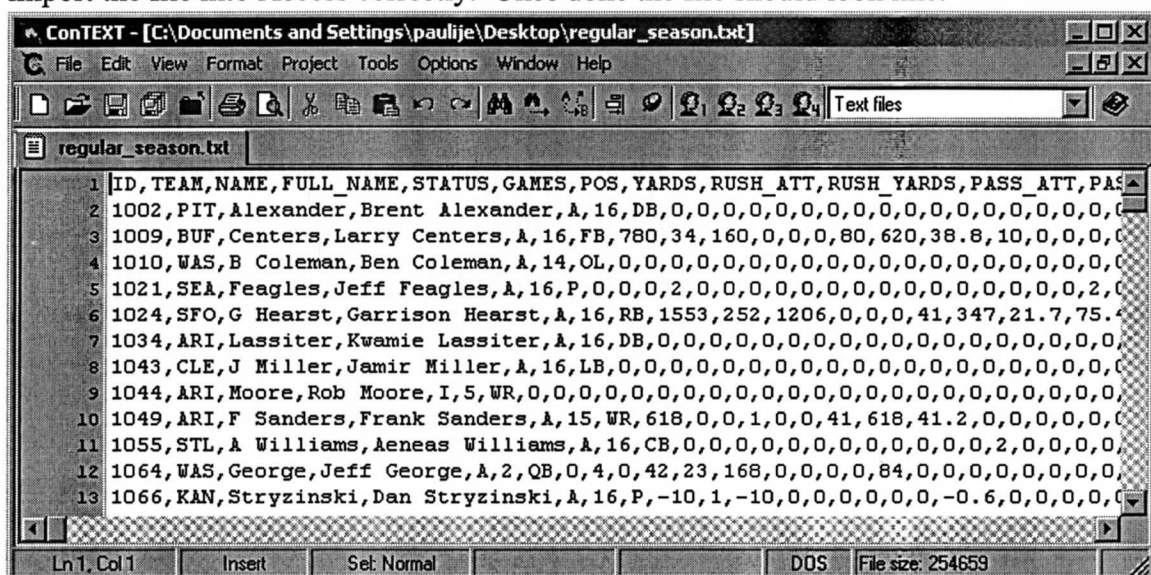
After selecting one of the files you will see:



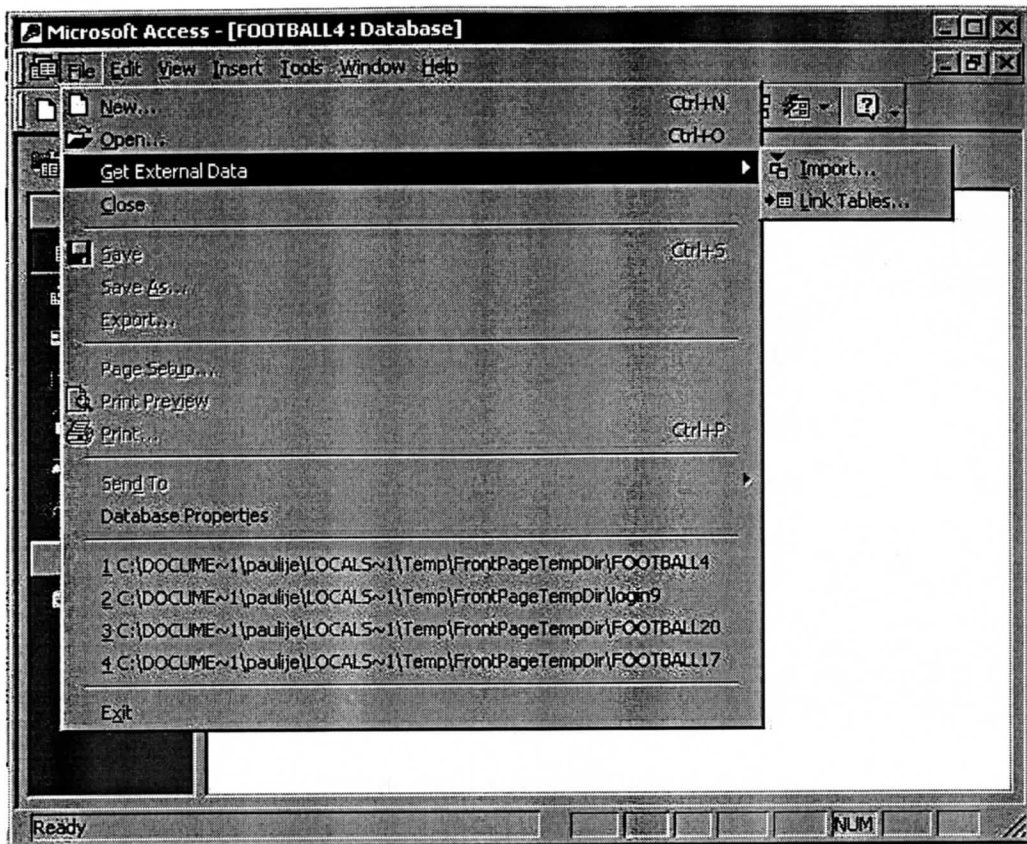
Next select 'Save As' from the 'File' Menu and save the file to disk. Next we will make a slight modification to the file to eliminate a few lines of unneeded text. Open the file in your favorite text editor.



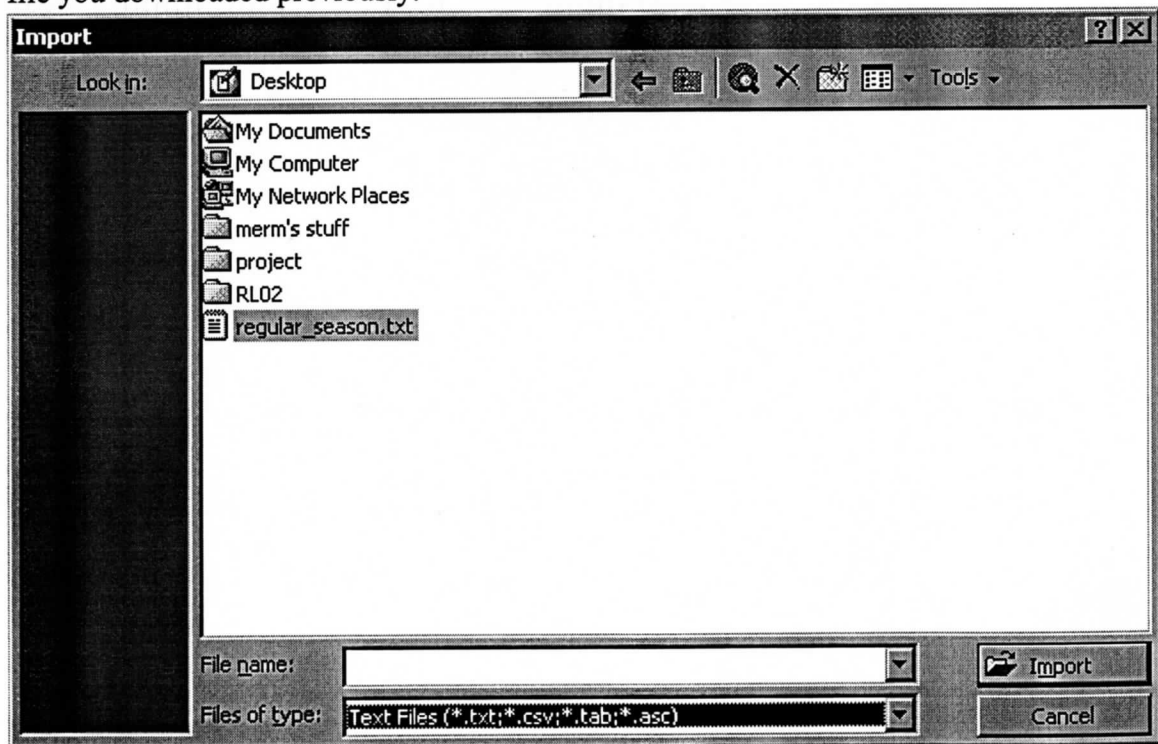
One the file is open in a text editor the first two lines of text must be deleted in order to import the file into Access correctly. Once done the file should look like:



Next open Access and select the 'File' Menu, then the 'Get External Data' Option and then finally the 'Import' option.



Once selected you will be prompted to select the file you wish to import. Find the text file you downloaded previously.



After you select your text file you will see the 'Import Text Wizard'

Import Text Wizard

Your data seems to be in a 'Delimited' format. If it isn't, choose the format that more correctly describes your data.

☒ Delimited - Characters such as comma or tab separate each field

☐ Fixed Width - Fields are aligned in columns with spaces between each field

Sample data from file: C:\DOCUMENTS AND SETTINGS\PAULJE\DESKTOP\REGULAR_SEAS

	ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL_NAME	STATUS	GAMES	POS	YARDS	RUSH	A
1	1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB	0	0	0
2	1009	BUF	Centers	Larry Centers	A	16	FB	780	34	160
3	1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL	0	0	0
4	1021	SEA	Feagles	Jeff Feagles	A	16	P	0	0	2
5	1024	SFO	G Hearst	Garrison Hearst	A	16	RB	1553	252	1

Advanced... Cancel < Back Next > Finish

Be sure to select the 'Delimited' option and you can see from the sample data screen that our information is being interpreted correctly so far. Press the 'Next' button to continue.

Import Text Wizard

What delimiter separates your fields? Select the appropriate delimiter and see how your text is affected in the preview below.

Choose the delimiter that separates your fields:

☐ Tab
 ☐ Semicolon
 ☒ Comma
 ☐ Space
 ☐ Other:

☒ First Row Contains Field Names
 Text Qualifier:

ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL NAME	STATUS	GAMES	POS
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1009	BUF	Centers	Larry Centers	A	16	FB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1021	SEA	Feagles	Jeff Feagles	A	16	P
1024	SFO	G Hearst	Garrison Hearst	A	16	RB
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassiter	A	16	DB

Here we need to be sure that we check the 'First Row Contains Field Names' check box and be sure that the 'comma' option is also selected. Once this is done our data should now look like a typical database table. Press the 'Next' button to continue.

Import Text Wizard

You can store your data in a new table or in an existing table.

Where would you like to store your data?

☒ In a New Table
 ☐ In an Existing Table:

ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL NAME	STATUS	GAMES	POS
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1009	BUF	Centers	Larry Centers	A	16	FB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1021	SEA	Feagles	Jeff Feagles	A	16	P
1024	SFO	G Hearst	Garrison Hearst	A	16	RB
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassiter	A	16	DB

The only option to worry about here is to select if the imported data will go into an existing table or into a new table. I always chose to put the data into a new table to avoid any possible data problems. Press the 'Next' button to continue.

You can specify information about each of the fields you are importing. Select fields in the area below. You can then modify field information in the 'Field Options' area.

Field Options

Field Name: Data Type:

Indexed: ☐ Do not import field (Skip)

ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL NAME	STATUS	GAMES	POS
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1009	BUF	Centers	Larry Centers	A	16	FB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1021	SEA	Feagles	Jeff Feagles	A	16	P
1024	SFO	G Hearst	Garrison Hearst	A	16	RB
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassiter	A	16	DB

Advanced... Cancel < Back Next > Finish

Next select the ID column and change the value of the 'Indexed' drop down box to read 'Yes (No Duplicates)' so we can use the ID field as the primary key for the table. Press the 'Next' button to continue.

Import Text Wizard

Microsoft Access recommends that you define a primary key for your new table. A primary key is used to uniquely identify each record in your table. It allows you to retrieve data more quickly.

☐ Let Access add primary key.
☒ Choose my own primary key. ID
☐ No primary key.

ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL NAME	STATUS	GAMES	POS
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1009	BUF	Centers	Larry Centers	A	16	FB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1021	SEA	Feagles	Jeff Feagles	A	16	P
1024	SFO	G Hearst	Garrison Hearst	A	16	RB
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassiter	A	16	DB

Advanced... Cancel < Back Next > Finish

Here, chose the 2nd option button 'Choose my own primary key.' And be sure that the ID field is selected in the drop down menu. Press the 'Next' button to continue.

Import Text Wizard

That's all the information the wizard needs to import your data.

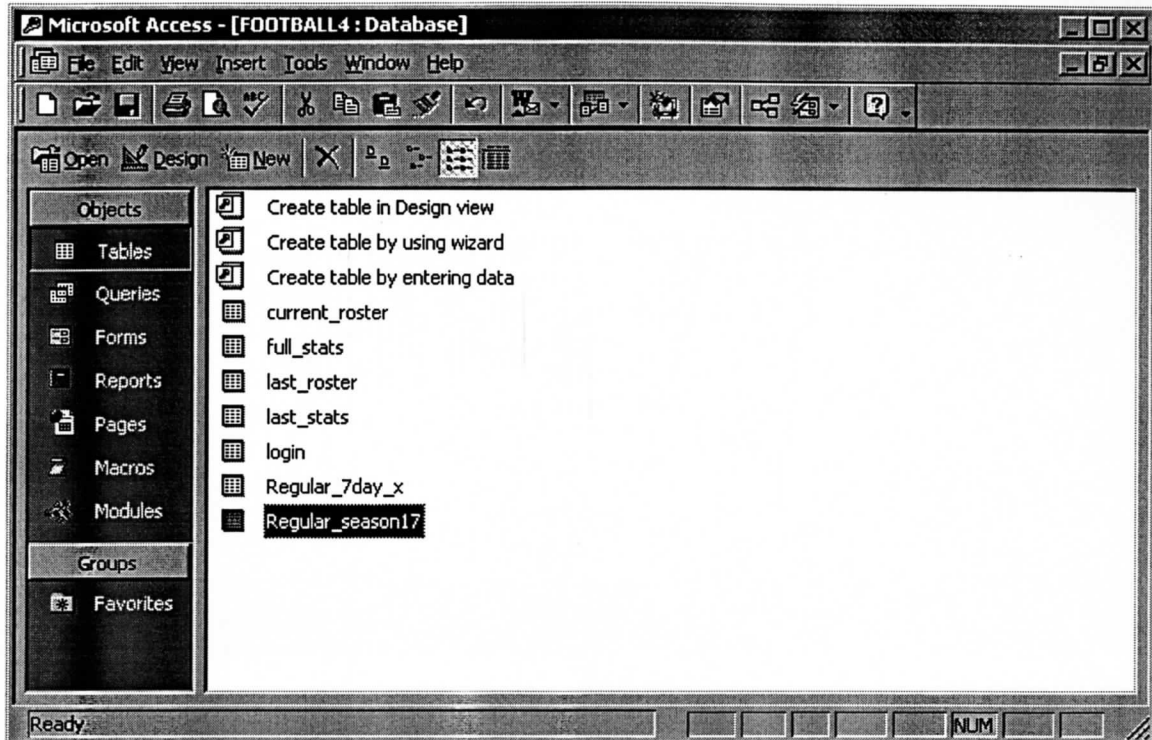
Import to Table:
Regular_season17

☐ Display Help after the wizard is finished.

Advanced... Cancel < Back Next > Finish

The last step of the wizard is to give the new table of data a name. Type a name in the text box and press the 'Finish' button to finish the wizard.

Now in MS Access you can see the table that we just imported along with the rest of the tables for the fantasy football database.



Double-click the new table to see its contents.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Access interface for the 'Regular_season17' table. The table is displayed in Datasheet View with the following columns: ID, TEAM, NAME, FULL_NAME, STATUS, GAMES, and F. The data is as follows:

ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL_NAME	STATUS	GAMES	F
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassite	A	16	DB
1043	CLE	J Miller	Jamir Miller	A	16	LB
1044	ARI	Moore	Rob Moore	I	5	WR
1055	STL	A Williams	Aeneas William	A	16	CB
1066	KAN	Stryzinski	Dan Stryzinski	A	16	P
1067	NYG	Andersen	Morten Anderse	A	16	K
1083	CLE	Bush	Devin Bush	A	16	DB
1095	SEA	Tobeck	Robbie Tobeck	A	11	C
1105	NYG	G Parker	Glenn Parker	A	16	OL
1107	OAK	Kennedy	Lincoln Kenned	A	15	T
1109	ATL	Mathis	Terance Mathis	A	16	WR
1113	DET	Emanuel	Bert Emanuel	A	10	WR

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Record: 1 of 1920' and 'Datasheet View'.

You may get an error message that there was an error creating a row in the table because the primary key cannot be NULL. This is because the text file had some blank lines at

the bottom. To fix this problem simply delete the first two records in the table. Our new table is ready to go.

Microsoft Access - [Regular_season17: Table]

File Edit View Insert Format Records Tools Window Help

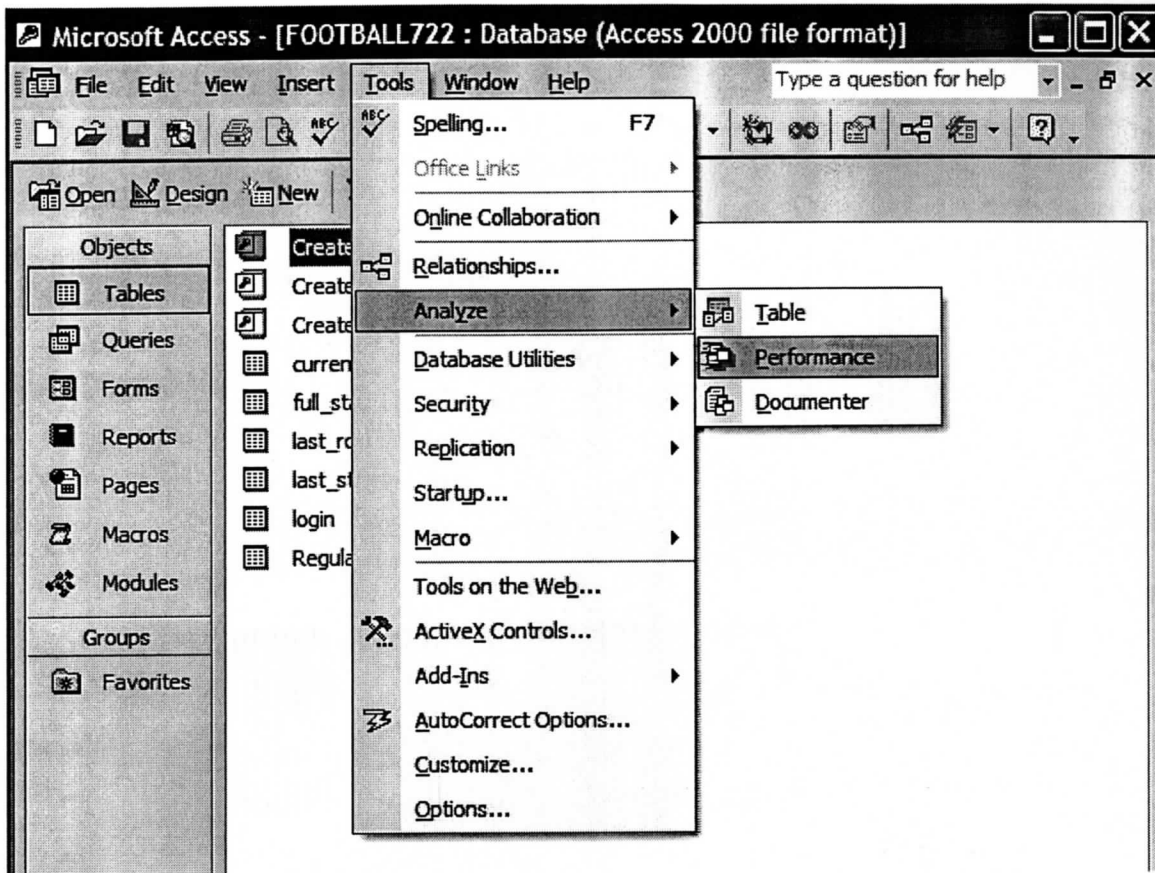
ID	TEAM	NAME	FULL_NAME	STATUS	GAMES	F
1002	PIT	Alexander	Brent Alexander	A	16	DB
1010	WAS	B Coleman	Ben Coleman	A	14	OL
1034	ARI	Lassiter	Kwamie Lassite	A	16	DB
1043	CLE	J Miller	Jamir Miller	A	16	LB
1044	ARI	Moore	Rob Moore	I	5	WR
1055	STL	A Williams	Aeneas William	A	16	CB
1066	KAN	Stryzinski	Dan Stryzinski	A	16	P
1067	NYG	Andersen	Morten Anderse	A	16	K
1083	CLE	Bush	Devin Bush	A	16	DB
1095	SEA	Tobeck	Robbie Tobeck	A	11	C
1105	NYG	G Parker	Glenn Parker	A	16	OL
1107	OAK	Kennedy	Lincoln Kenned	A	15	T
1109	ATL	Mathis	Terance Mathis	A	16	WR
1113	DET	Emanuel	Bert Emanuel	A	10	WR
1122	ATL	T Hall	Travis Hall	A	16	DE
1131	BUF	R Brown	Ruben Brown	A	15	OL

Record: 1 of 1918

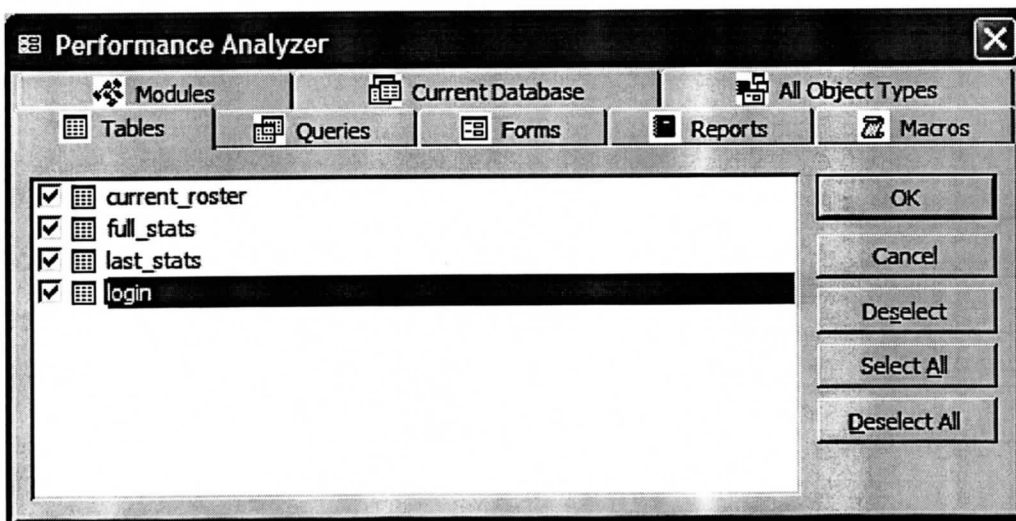
Datasheet View

Database Optimization

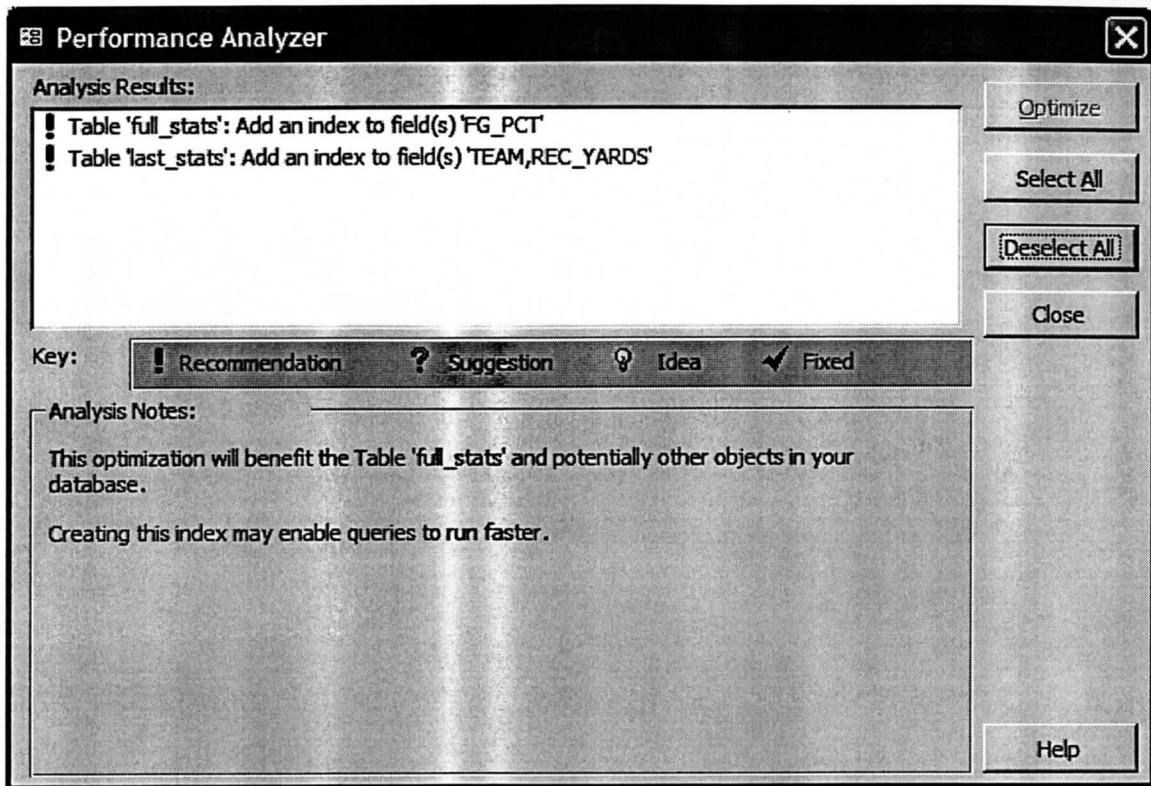
Select the 'Tools' menu, and then select 'Analyze' then 'Performance'



You will then see the 'Performance Analyzer' dialog box. Select the 'Tables' tab then select all of the tables in the database and press 'OK'

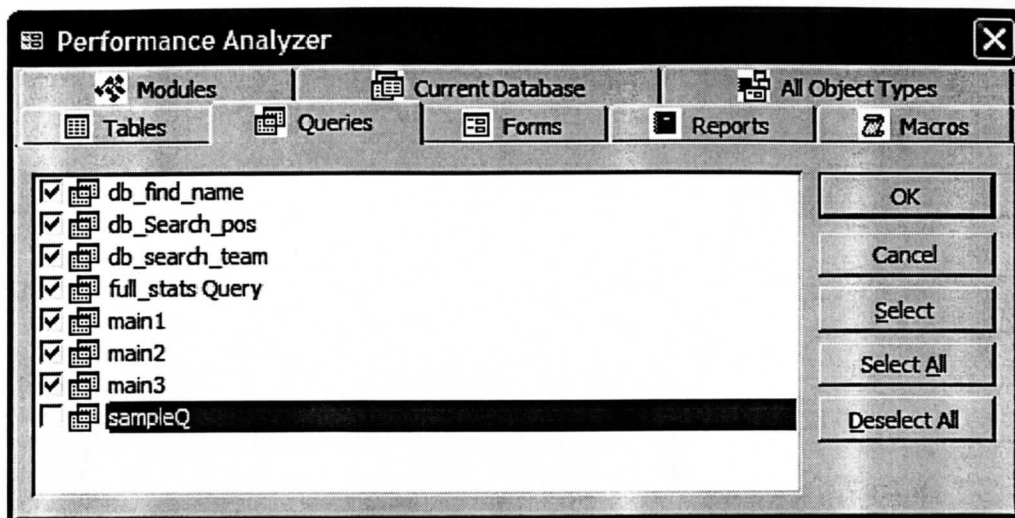


You will then see:

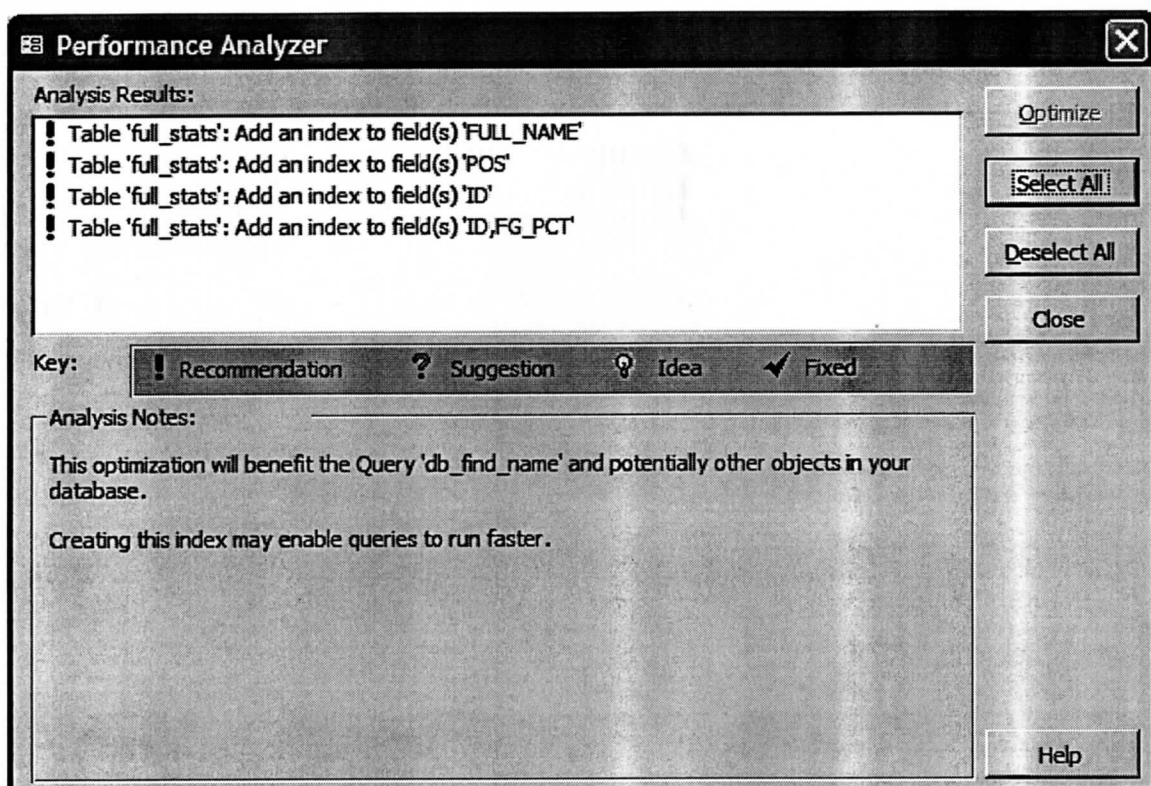


Access recommends adding indexes on several fields. Press the 'Select All' button and then the 'Optimize' button. Pressing the close button will then exit the Performance Analyzer.

I have also created the same queries that I use in the ASP script in Access in order to optimize the tables to handle the queries. So once again bring up the Performance Analyzer but this time select the 'Queries' tab and then select the checkbox by each of the created queries. When finished press OK.

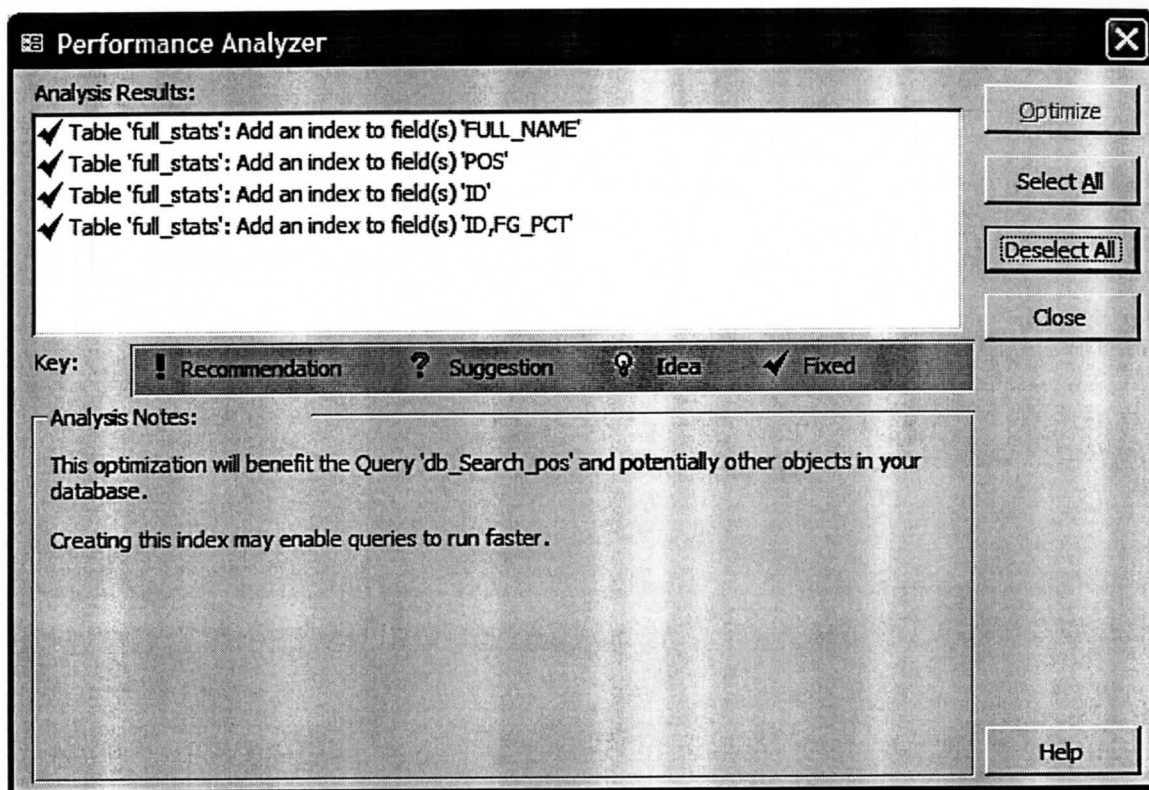


You will then see this screen:



The Performance Analyzer has found four potential areas that could be streamlined to improve performance. You can click on each of the items to get a brief explanation of the analysis. All of these points just mention that an index will be built that should help

the speed of the queries. Once finished reading, press the 'Select All' button and then the 'Optimize' button and you will see:



Now press the 'Close' button to finish.

To view the indexes that Access created for you select the desired table, go to 'Design View' then select the 'View' menu and then select 'Indexes'. You should see something like this:

Indexes: current_roster

	Index Name	Field Name	Sort Order
▶	ID	ID	Ascending
⚙	PrimaryKey	ID	Ascending

Index Properties

Primary	<input type="text" value="No"/>
Unique	<input type="text" value="No"/>
Ignore Nulls	<input type="text" value="No"/>

The name for this index. Each index can use up to 10 fields.

Above is the index listing for the current_roster table. As you can see the Performance Analyzer has added 2 indexes to this table. Below you can see the indexes on the full_stats table:

Indexes: full_stats

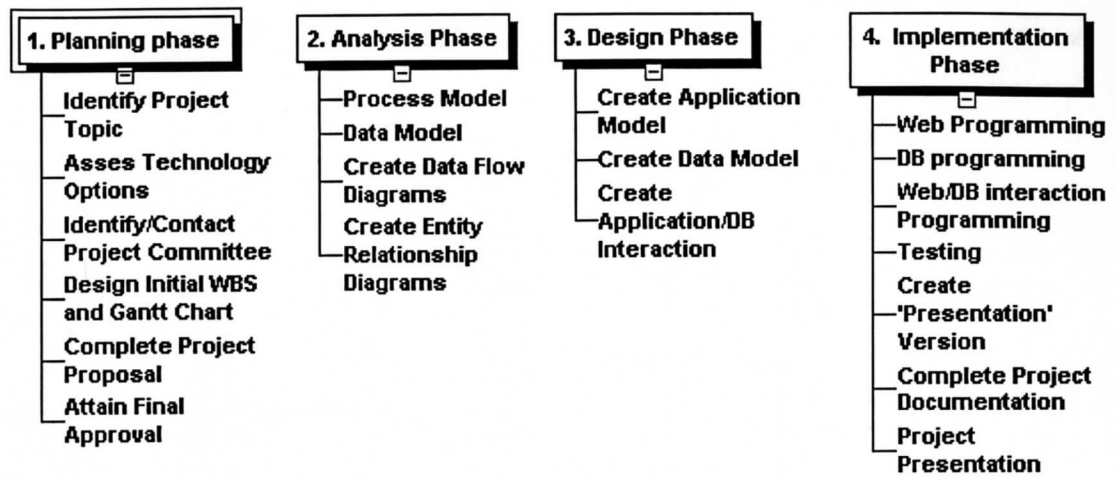
	Index Name	Field Name	Sort Order
▶	FG_PCT	FG_PCT	Ascending
	FULL_NAME	FULL_NAME	Ascending
	FUM_NUM	FUM_NUM	Ascending
	ID	ID	Ascending
	IDFG_PCT	ID	Ascending
	POS	POS	Ascending

Index Properties

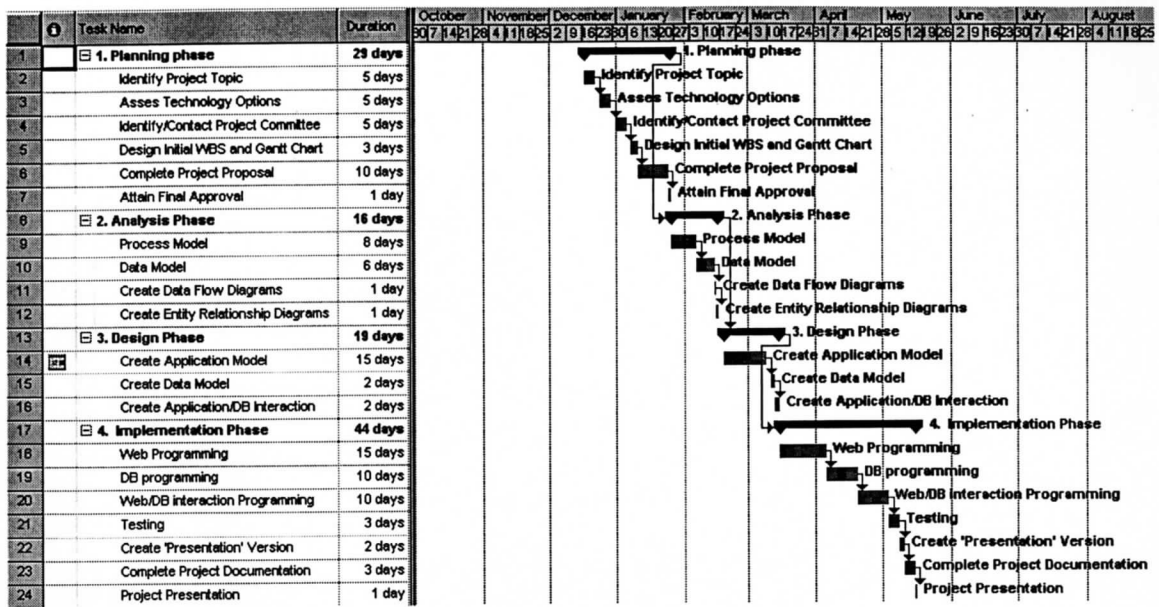
Primary	<input type="text" value="No"/>
Unique	<input type="text" value="No"/>
Ignore Nulls	<input type="text" value="No"/>

The name for this index. Each index can use up to 10 fields.

Appendix C: Work Breakdown Structure



Appendix D: Gantt Chart



Appendix E: Sample Project Source Code

- Add_player3.asp – details of how the Access database is updated with SQL and ASP – p. E-1
- Admin_edit_users.asp – an additional example of updating the DN – p, E-3
- Main.asp – code for the team homepage – p.E-4
- Admin_update_stats.asp – most technical page with several select statements and update statements inside a loop. P. E-5

```
<!--
add_player3.asp
Jeremy Pauli - MSIS Project
-->
<%@ Language="VBScript" %>
<!-- #include file="ole.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="errors.asp" -->
<%
On Error Resume Next
'Dim Pos, numID
POS = request.QueryString("pos")
numID = request.QueryString("id")
Dim Conn      ' Connection object
Dim objProp   ' Property object
Dim objError  ' Error object
***** DB CONNECTION STUFF *****
SQL = "Update current_roster SET "&POS&" = "&numID&", last_change = "&NOW&" where
ID = "&Session("ID")&";"

Set Conn = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Connection")

Conn.Mode = 3      '3 = adModeReadWrite

Conn.Open "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;Data Source=c:\inetpub\wwwroot\fpdb\football.mdb;"

Conn.Execute(SQL)

CheckForErrors(Conn)

Conn.Close

response.redirect "main.asp"
%>
```

```

<!--
admin_edit_users.asp
Jeremy Pauli - MSIS Project
-->
<%@ Language="VBScript" %>
<!-- #include file="ole.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="functions.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="functions2.asp" -->
<%
'----SQL Query.....
        strSQL = "Select ID, username, password, division from login where username <
'admin' order by username;"
        Set rstSearch = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
        rstSearch.Open strSQL, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
%>
<hr class="bottom"><hr><br>
<center><font size=4>Select Users to Edit</font>
        <table align="center"><form method="post" action="admin_proc_edit.asp">
                <th>X</th>
                <th>ID</th>
                <th>Username</th>
                <th>Password</th>
                <th>Division</th>
%>
count = 1
While Not rstSearch.eof
        %><tr class="<%=count mod 2%>">
                <td><input type="Checkbox" value="ON" name="userID"<%=
rstSearch("ID")%>"></td>
                <td><%= rstSearch.Fields("ID") %></td>
                <td><%= rstSearch.Fields("username") %></td>
                <td><%= rstSearch.Fields("password") %></td>
                <td><%= rstSearch.Fields("division") %></td>
                </tr><%
                count = count + 1
                rstSearch.movenext
WEND
%></table><input type="submit" value="Edit Selected Users" name="submit"></form><!-- #include
file="admin_nav.asp" -->

```

```

<!--
main.asp
Jeremy Pauli - MSIS Project
-->
<meta name="Microsoft Border" content="none">
<%@ Language="VBScript" %>
<!-- #include file="ole.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="functions.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="functions2.asp" -->
<%
if (Session("username")="") THEN
    response.redirect "home.htm"
End IF
IF (Session("username")="admin") THEN
    response.redirect "admin_home.asp"
End IF
Dim bolPlayer
Dim freeze
freeze = false
strDate = Now()
'Lock the roster if statement - getting day of week - only edit roster on tuesday-
'Roster Edits can't be made on Sunday or Monday.
    'if ((weekday(strDate) = 1) OR (weekday(strDate) = 7)) Then
    '    freeze = true
    'END IF

'----1st SQL Query.....
    strSQL = "Select * from current_roster where ID = "&Session("ID")& " ;"
    Set rstSearch = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch.Open strSQL, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----2nd SQL Query.....
    strSQL2 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("qb").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch2 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch2.Open strSQL2, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----3rd SQL Query.....
    strSQL3 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("rb1").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch3 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch3.Open strSQL3, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----4th SQL Query.....
    strSQL4 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("rb2").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch4 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch4.Open strSQL4, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----5th SQL Query.....
    strSQL5 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("wr1").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch5 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch5.Open strSQL5, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----6th SQL Query.....
    strSQL6 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("wr2").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch6 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch6.Open strSQL6, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----7th SQL Query.....
    strSQL7 = "Select * from full_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("k").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch7 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch7.Open strSQL7, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText

'----8th SQL Query.....

```

```

strSQL8 = "Select * from login where ID = "&Session("ID")& ";"
Set rstSearch8 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
rstSearch8.Open strSQL8, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
%>
<!-- #include file="insert_info.asp" -->
<body style="text-align: left">

<tr>
<td colspan="2">
<font size="5">-----<font color="red"><%= Session("username")%></font> Team Home
</font>
</b>
</td>
</tr>
<!-- #include file="new_nav.asp" -->
<td>
<blockquote>
<br><b><font size="4">Your Team:</font> <br>

<%
'if freeze = true then
'    response.write"<font color=red>ROSTER IS FROZEN!</font>"
'End If
%>

<table border="1">
    <tr>
        <th>Pos.</th>
        <th>Name</th>
        <th>ID</th>
        <th>&nbsp;Total Points &nbsp;</th>
        <th>&nbsp;Points/Game &nbsp;</th>
    </tr>
    <tr class="1">
        <td align="center">QB</td>
        <td><%
            if (NOT(rstSearch2.eof)) THEN
                response.write rstSearch2.Fields("full_name").Value
                bolPlayer = true
            else
                response.write "<a href=db_search_pos.asp?search=QB><font size=3>Select a
QB</a>"

                bolPlayer = False
            End if
            %>&nbsp;</td>
        <td align="center"><%= create_link(rstSearch.Fields("qb").Value) %>&nbsp;</td>
        <td align="center">
            <%
            IF (bolPlayer = true) THEN
                'Getting values to compute points
                rush_yards = rstSearch2.Fields("rush_yards").Value
                pass_yards = rstSearch2.Fields("pass_yards").Value
                rush_td = rstSearch2.Fields("rush_td").Value
                pass_td = rstSearch2.Fields("pass_td").Value
                ints = rstSearch2.Fields("int_thrown").Value
                fum = rstSearch2.Fields("fum_lost").Value

```

```

twoptR = rstSearch2.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
twoptP = rstSearch2.Fields("2ptcon_pass").Value
games = rstSearch2.Fields("games").Value
%>%compute_total_qb(pass_yards, rush_yards, rush_td, pass_td, ints, fum, twpptR,
twpptP, games)
%>%
Else %>
- </td><td align="center">-</td><%End IF %></td></tr>
<tr class="2">
<td align="center">RB1</td>
<td><%
if (NOT(rstSearch3.eof)) THEN
response.write rstSearch3.Fields("full_name").Value
bolPlayer=true
Else
response.write"<a href=db_search_pos.asp?SEARCH=RB><font size=3>Select a
RB1</a>"
bolPlayer=false
End IF
%>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><% create_link(rstSearch.Fields("rb1").Value) %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center">
<%
IF (bolPlayer = true) THEN
'Getting values to compute points for----- RB1
rush_yards = rstSearch3.Fields("rush_yards").Value
rec_yards = rstSearch3.Fields("rec_yards").Value
rush_td = rstSearch3.Fields("rush_td").Value
rec_td = rstSearch3.Fields("rec_td").Value
fum = rstSearch3.Fields("fum_lost").Value
twoptR = rstSearch3.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
twoptRec = rstSearch3.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
games = rstSearch3.Fields("games").Value
%>
<%=compute_total_rb(rec_yards, rush_yards, rush_td, rec_td, fum, twoptR, twoptrec,
games) %><%
Else %>
- </td><td align="center">-</td><%End IF %></td>
</tr>
<tr class="1">
<td align="center">RB2</td>
<td><%
if (NOT(rstSearch4.eof)) THEN
response.write rstSearch4.Fields("full_name").Value
bolPlayer=true
Else
response.write"<a href=db_search_pos.asp?search=RB><font size=3>Select a RB2</a>"
bolPlayer=false
End IF
%>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><% create_link(rstSearch.Fields("rb2").Value) %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center">
<%
IF (bolPlayer = true) THEN
'Getting values to compute points for----- RB1
rush_yards = rstSearch4.Fields("rush_yards").Value

```

```

rec_yards = rstSearch4.Fields("rec_yards").Value
rush_td = rstSearch4.Fields("rush_td").Value
rec_td = rstSearch4.Fields("rec_td").Value
fum = rstSearch4.Fields("fum_lost").Value
twoptR = rstSearch4.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
twoptRec = rstSearch4.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
games = rstSearch4.Fields("games").Value
%>
<%=compute_total_rb(rec_yards, rush_yards, rush_td, rec_td, fum, twoptR, twoptrec,
games) %><% Else %>
    </td><td align="center"></td><%End IF %></td>
<!--
*****
*****-->

</tr><tr class="2">
    <td align="center">WR1</td>
    <td><% if (NOT(rstSearch5.eof)) then
response.write rstSearch5.Fields("full_name").Value
bolPlayer=true
Else
response.write"<a href=db_search_pos.asp?search=WR><font size=3>Select a
WR1</a>"
bolPlayer=false
End IF %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><% create_link(rstSearch.Fields("wr1").Value) %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><%
IF (bolPlayer = true) THEN
'Getting values to compute points for----- wr1
rush_yards = rstSearch5.Fields("rush_yards").Value
rec_yards = rstSearch5.Fields("rec_yards").Value
rush_td = rstSearch5.Fields("rush_td").Value
rec_td = rstSearch5.Fields("rec_td").Value
fum = rstSearch5.Fields("fum_lost").Value
twoptR = rstSearch5.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
twoptRec = rstSearch5.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
games = rstSearch5.Fields("games").Value
%>
<%=compute_total_rb(rec_yards, rush_yards, rush_td, rec_td, fum, twoptR, twoptrec,
games)%><%
Else %>
    </td><td align="center"></td><%End IF %></td>
</tr>
<tr class="1">
    <td align="center">WR2</td>
    <td><%
IF (NOT(rstSearch6.eof)) THEN
response.write rstSearch6.Fields("full_name").Value
bolPlayer=true
Else
response.write"<a href=db_search_pos.asp?search=WR><font size=3>Select a
WR2</a>"
bolPlayer=false
End IF %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><% create_link(rstSearch.Fields("wr2").Value) %>&nbsp;</td>
<td align="center"><%

```


SCORE	WEEK
1	
10	
2	
11	
3	
12	
4	
13	
5	
14	
6	
15	
7	
16	
8	
17	

```

<th align="center"><b>9</b></td>
<td align="center" bgcolor="#FFFFFF"><%=rstSearch8.Fields("wk9").value%>&nbsp;</td>
<th align="center"><font size="4">TOTAL</font></td>
<td align="center" bgcolor="#FFFFFF"><b><%=rstSearch8.Fields("total").value%>&nbsp;</b></td>
</tr>
</table>
</div>
<br>
<p>
</font>
</b>
</blockquote>
<!-- #include file="bottom_nav.asp" -->

```

```

<%@ Language="VBScript" %>
<!-- #include file="ole.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="functions2.asp" -->
<!-- #include file="errors.asp" -->
<%
on error resume next
*****
*****
'getting week number from form.
dim weekNum
weekNum = "wk"& request.querystring("weekNum")
' page that will update the weekly statistics, update each users score for the week, ect....

'LOOP THROUGH EACH USER AND TOTAL EACH PLAYER'S WEEKLY TOTAL AND SUM IT
AND ADD IT TO THE
'LOGIN TABLE
'Statement that takes all rosters and user ID's and puts them into a record set
'to be looped through --> 1 loop for each user.
'Each loop contains 10 SQL queries. 2 updates and 8 selects
'SQL statement
        strSQL = "Select ID, QB, RB1, RB2, WR1, WR2, K from current_roster where ID <>5;"
'Execute
        Set rstSearch = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")

'Open our recordset
        rstSearch.Open strSQL, cnnSearch, 3, 1, &H0001
*****
'1. getting each users current roster
'-----
Do While Not rstSearch.EOF
    %>
    <%
        dim week1, week2, week3, week4, week5, week6, week7, week8, week9, week10, week11,
week12, week13, week14, week15, week16, week17
        dim week1a, week2a, week3a, week4a, week5a, week6a, week7a, week8a, week9a, week10a,
week11a, week12a, week13a, week14a, week15a, week16a, week17a
        datotal = 0
        rb1_total = 0
        rb2_total = 0
        wr1_total = 0
        wr2_total = 0
        k_total = 0
        week_total = 0
        user_grand_total = 0
        if (rstSearch.Fields("qb").Value < 1) THEN
            'do not do anything....
        Else
            *****
            'Then add up each players points
            '1 sql statement for each player
            'SQL for QB
            '-----
            strSQL2 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("qb").Value&";"
            Set rstSearch2 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
            rstSearch2.Open strSQL2, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
            rush_yards = rstSearch2.Fields("rush_yards").Value

```

```

pass_yards = rstSearch2.Fields("pass_yards").Value
rush_td = rstSearch2.Fields("rush_td").Value
pass_td = rstSearch2.Fields("pass_td").Value
ints = rstSearch2.Fields("int_thrown").Value
fum = rstSearch2.Fields("fum_lost").Value
twoptR = rstSearch2.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
twoptP = rstSearch2.Fields("2ptcon_pass").Value
games = rstSearch2.Fields("games").Value
datotal = (pass_yards*1)+(rush_yards*2)+(pass_td*50)+(rush_td*75)-(int_thrown*50)-
(fum_lost*50)+(ptcon_run*25)+(ptcon_pass*25)
Set rstSearch3 = nothing
'-----
END IF
'-----
*****

'for RB1
if (rstSearch.Fields("rb1").Value < 1) THEN
    'do not do anything....
Else
    strSQL3 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("rb1").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch3 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch3.Open strSQL3, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
    rush_yards = rstSearch3.Fields("rush_yards").Value
    rec_yards = rstSearch3.Fields("rec_yards").Value
    rush_td = rstSearch3.Fields("rush_td").Value
    rec_td = rstSearch3.Fields("rec_td").Value
    fum = rstSearch3.Fields("fum_lost").Value
    twoptR = rstSearch3.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
    twoptRec = rstSearch3.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
    games = rstSearch3.Fields("games").Value
    rb1_total =
(rec_yards*rec_yard)+(rush_yards*rush_yard)+(rec_td*td_rec)+(rush_td*td_rush)-
(fum_lost*fumble)+(ptcon_run*rush_2)+(ptcon_rec*rec_2)
    Set rstSearch3 = nothing
    '-----
END IF
'-----
*****

'end RB1

*****

'For RB2
if (rstSearch.Fields("rb2").Value < 1) THEN
    'do not do anything....
Else
    strSQL4 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("rb2").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch4 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch4.Open strSQL4, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
    rush_yards = rstSearch4.Fields("rush_yards").Value
    rec_yards = rstSearch4.Fields("rec_yards").Value
    rush_td = rstSearch4.Fields("rush_td").Value
    rec_td = rstSearch4.Fields("rec_td").Value
    fum = rstSearch4.Fields("fum_lost").Value
    twoptR = rstSearch4.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
    twoptRec = rstSearch4.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
    games = rstSearch4.Fields("games").Value

```



```

        rb2_total =
(rec_yards*rec_yard)+(rush_yards*rush_yard)+(rec_td*td_rec)+(rush_td*td_rush)-
(fum_lost*fumble)+(ptcon_run*rush_2)+(ptcon_rec*rec_2)
        Set rstSearch4 = nothing
        '-----
        END IF
        '-----
        *****

'For WR1
if (rstSearch.Fields("wr1").Value < 1) THEN
    'do not do anything....
Else
    strSQL5 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("wr1").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch5 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch5.Open strSQL5, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
    rush_yards = rstSearch5.Fields("rush_yards").Value
    rec_yards = rstSearch5.Fields("rec_yards").Value
    rush_td = rstSearch5.Fields("rush_td").Value
    rec_td = rstSearch5.Fields("rec_td").Value
    fum = rstSearch5.Fields("fum_lost").Value
    twoptR = rstSearch5.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
    twoptRec = rstSearch5.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
    games = rstSearch5.Fields("games").Value
    wr1_total =
(rec_yards*rec_yard)+(rush_yards*rush_yard)+(rec_td*td_rec)+(rush_td*td_rush)-
(fum_lost*fumble)+(ptcon_run*rush_2)+(ptcon_rec*rec_2)
    Set rstSearch5 = nothing
    '-----
    END IF
    '-----
    *****

'For WR2
*****
if (rstSearch.Fields("wr2").Value < 1) THEN
    'do not do anything....
Else
    strSQL6 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("wr2").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch6 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch6.Open strSQL6, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
    rush_yards = rstSearch6.Fields("rush_yards").Value
    rec_yards = rstSearch6.Fields("rec_yards").Value
    rush_td = rstSearch6.Fields("rush_td").Value
    rec_td = rstSearch6.Fields("rec_td").Value
    fum = rstSearch6.Fields("fum_lost").Value
    twoptR = rstSearch6.Fields("2ptcon_run").Value
    twoptRec = rstSearch6.Fields("2ptcon_rec").Value
    games = rstSearch6.Fields("games").Value
    wr2_total =
(rec_yards*rec_yard)+(rush_yards*rush_yard)+(rec_td*td_rec)+(rush_td*td_rush)-
(fum_lost*fumble)+(ptcon_run*rush_2)+(ptcon_rec*rec_2)
    Set rstSearch6 = nothing
    '-----
    END IF
    '-----
    *****

'For K

```

```

*****
if (rstSearch.Fields("k").Value < 1) THEN
    'do not do anything...
Else
    strSQL7 = "Select * from last_stats where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("k").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch7 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch7.Open strSQL7, cnnSearch, adOpenStatic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
        fg_made = rstSearch7.Fields("fg_made").Value
        fg_missed = rstSearch7.Fields("fg_att").Value - rstSearch7.Fields("fg_made").Value
        pat_made = rstSearch7.Fields("epts_made").Value
        pat_missed = rstSearch7.Fields("epts_att").Value - rstSearch7.Fields("epts_made").Value
        games = rstSearch7.Fields("games").Value
    k_total = ((fg_made*FG)+(pat_made*pat))-((mpat*miss_pat)-(mfg*miss_fg))

    Set rstSearch7 = nothing
    '-----
END IF
'-----

*****

        'then update the login db with the new value for week total
        begin tran
        '-----
        week_total = datotal + rb1_total + rb2_total + wr1_total + wr2_total + k_total
        '-----
        SQL = "Update login SET "&weekNum&" = "&week_total&" where ID =
"&rstSearch.Fields("id").Value&";"
        '-----

    Set Conn = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Connection")
    Conn.Mode = 3    '3 = adModeReadWrite
    Conn.Open "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;Data
Source=c:\inetpub\wwwroot\fpdb\football.mdb;"
    Conn.Execute(SQL)
    CheckForErrors(Conn)
    Conn.Close
    set Conn = nothing

    'For each user add up the total of each week set the value of the total field.
    strSQL8 = "Select * from login where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("id").Value&";"
    Set rstSearch8 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
    rstSearch8.Open strSQL8, cnnSearch, adOpenDynamic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
    name = rstSearch8.Fields("username").Value
    week1 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk1").Value
    week2 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk2").Value
    week3 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk3").Value
    week4 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk4").Value
    week5 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk5").Value
    week6 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk6").Value
    week7 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk7").Value
    week8 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk8").Value
    week9 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk9").Value
    week10 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk10").Value
    week11 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk11").Value
    week12 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk12").Value
    week13 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk13").Value
    week14 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk14").Value
    week15 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk15").Value

```

```

week16 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk16").Value
week17 = rstSearch8.Fields("wk17").Value
user_grand_total = week1 +
week2+week3+week4+week5+week6+week7+week8+week9+week10+week11+week12+week13+week14
+week15+week16+week17
'-----
Now update the DB with the new Grand Total - same as updateing the weekly total...
SQL = "Update login SET total = "&user_grand_total&" where ID =
"&rstSearch.Fields("id").Value&";"
Set Conn2 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Connection")
Conn2.Mode = 3 '3 = adModeReadWrite
Conn2.Open "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;Data
Source=c:\inetpub\wwwroot\fpdb\football.mdb;"
Conn2.Execute(SQL)
CheckForErrors(Conn2)
Conn2.Close
set Conn2 = nothing
commit tran
'*****
*****
'
now do a new query to get the new values out of the db!!!
strSQL9 = "Select * from login where ID = "&rstSearch.Fields("id").Value&";"
Set rstSearch9 = Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Recordset")
rstSearch9.Open strSQL9, cnnSearch, adOpenDynamic, adLockReadOnly, adCmdText
week1a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk1").Value
week2a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk2").Value
week3a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk3").Value
week4a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk4").Value
week5a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk5").Value
week6a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk6").Value
week7a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk7").Value
week8a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk8").Value
week9a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk9").Value
week10a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk10").Value
week11a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk11").Value
week12a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk12").Value
week13a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk13").Value
week14a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk14").Value
week15a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk15").Value
week16a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk16").Value
week17a = rstSearch9.Fields("wk17").Value
Set rstSearch9 = nothing

%>
<!-- BEGIN HTML
----- -->

<b><font size="5">Begin...ID = <%=rstSearch("ID")%><br>
</font></b><br>
Total qb= <%= datotal %>
<br>
RB1 total = <%= rb1_total%>
<br>
RB2 total = <%=rb2_total %>
<br>
WR1 total = <%=wr1_total %>

```

```

<br>
WR2 total = <%=wr2_total %>
<br>
K total = <%=k_total %><br>
<font size=2>
    <br><b><font color="#FF0000"><font color="black" size
="4"><%=rstSearch9.Fields("username").Value %></font>
    WEEK</font><font color="#00FF00" size="4"> <%=request.querystring("weekNum")%>
    </font><font color="#FF0000">TOTAL=</font></b><font color="#FF0000"><%= week_total
%></font></font><br><b><font size="4">END</font></b><hr>

```

```

<!-- END HTML-----
-->

```

```

<%

```

```

    rstSearch.MoveNext

```

```

Loop

```

```

set rstSearch = nothing
%></font></table><!-- #include file="admin_nav.asp" -->

```

Mod.css File used to control the style of the pages:

```
body
{
    color: black;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    background-color: silver;
    margin: 2.5%
}

td.info
{
    color: black;
    background-color: white;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    font-size: 11pt;
}

td.score
{
    color: red;
    background-color: white;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    font-size: 8pt;
    text-align: center;
}

tr.0
{
    background: #D7D7E3;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    color: black;
    font-weight: 300;
    font-size: 10pt;
}

tr.1
{
    background: white;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    color: black;
    font-weight: 300;
    font-size: 10pt;
}

tr.2
{
    background: #D7D7E3;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
    color: black;
    font-weight: 300;
    font-size: 10pt;
}

th
{
    background: #6699FF;
    font-family: Verdana, serif;
```


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```

        color: white;
        font-weight: bold;
        font-size: 10pt;
    }

table
    {
        width: auto;
        border-style: hidden;
    }

input
    {
        color: white;
        font-family: Verdana, serif;
        font-weight: 700;
        background-color: #6699FF;
    }

hr.bottom
    {
        color: gray;
        width: 515px;
        background: silver;
    }

hr
    {
        color: #6699FF;
        background: white;
    }

select
    {
        font-family: Verdana, serif;
        font-weight: 700;
        background-color: #6699FF;
        width: auto;
        color: white;
    }

```